SAFETY

Ensure that you read and understand this handbook BEFORE installing/operating the equipment. Pay particular attention to the Safety Warnings.

WARNINGS

1. This gas detection equipment is certified for and intended for use in potentially hazardous areas. Install and use the equipment in accordance with current local and national regulations.

2. Refer to the control drawings included in this document when installing the certified components.

3. Operators should be fully aware of the action to be taken if the gas concentration exceeds alarm level.

4. Do not modify or alter the construction of any of the units as essential safety and certification requirements may be invalidated.

5. The equipment is not suitable for use in oxygen enriched atmospheres (>21% V/V). Oxygen deficient atmospheres (<10% V/V) may suppress some sensor outputs.

6. The equipment is intended for use at atmospheric pressure only and should not be used in pressures exceeding 1.1 bar.

Transmitter Unit only

1. INPUT VOLTAGE MUST NOT EXCEED THE STATED MAXIMUM (32V DC) AS ESSENTIAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS MAY BE INVALIDATED AND THE UNIT MAY BE PERMANENTLY DAMAGED.

2. Alarms should not be reset until it is confirmed that gas is not present.

3. Hazardous voltages may exist at alarm contacts. Ensure power is disconnected at source prior to servicing contacts.

4. Gas events occurring while accessing the Transmitter Unit menus will not be reported locally.

5. Overrange flammable gas readings may indicate an explosive concentration of gas.

Certified Sensor only

1. When installed to measure flammable gas it is essential that either the Transmitter unit or control network is configured to latch the overrange condition. If the Transmitter unit local relays are used this should be achieved by enabling the overrange latching function of the Transmitter unit. Depletion of oxygen as a consequence of displacement by flammable gas can result in the gas reading returning to zero.

2. Change gas cartridges using the procedure described in this handbook. Failure to correctly follow the procedure could result in the wrong cartridge being installed, and possibly non-detection of events. Alternatively, extraneous alarms could be triggered by chemicals detected but not of concern at a particular location.

3. Sensor cartridges may contain corrosive solutions. Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

4. During usage, as some gases may be hazardous, outlets from accessories, etc., e.g. Flow Housing, should exhaust to a safe area.
SAFETY

CAUTIONS

1. Only the combustible gas detection portion of this instrument has been assessed for performance by CSA.

2. Refer to local or national regulations relative to installation and use at the site.
   
   *Note:* This equipment is designed and constructed to prevent ignition sources arising, even in the event of frequent disturbances or equipment operating faults. The electrical input is protected with a fuse.

3. Installation should consider not only optimum siting for gas detection related to potential leak points, gas characteristics and ventilation but also placement where the potential for mechanical damage is minimised or avoided.

4. Observe precautions for handling electrostatic discharge sensitive devices when accessing the interior of the Transmitter Unit.

5. Calibration procedures should only be performed by qualified personnel.

6. Ensure that when forcing signals on the Transmitter Unit’s output that the effects on the network and controller are understood.

7. Ensure that the Apex Transmitter Unit or Junction Box flamepath is not damaged during dismantling procedures. The flamepath is formed by the mating surfaces of the unit’s top and base.

8. During installation/maintenance only use the supplied parts. Replacement with alternatives will invalidate certification.

9. Exposure to fluorinated hydrocarbons or silicones will poison the sensor beads on catalytic sensor cartridges. If a sensor is known to have been poisoned then it must be re-calibrated. If not sure then flow gas over the sensor and if the reading is incorrect re-calibrate within the cartridge’s tolerance value.

10. Only cartridges with the following part numbers can be fitted to the Certified Sensor:
    2110B30x0, 31x0, 32x0, 33x0, 34x0, 35x0 series
    2110B3700 - 2110B3999 range

   *Note:* Certified to CSA C22.2 No. 152 only when fitted with specific cartridges. See specifications for details.

11. Do not use the unit where the temperature is lower than -40°C (-40°F) or higher than +65°C (149°F).

12. Exposures to gas above the recommended range may result in ambiguous readings and may require subsequent re-calibration of the sensor.

13. Review cartridge data sheets for operating temperatures and humidities, which are determined on a cartridge by cartridge basis.

14. Dispose of in accordance with local disposal regulations. Materials used:

   **Transmitter Unit**
   - Main Body: Stainless Steel
   - User Interface: Zinc Alloy

   **Certified Sensor**
   - Main Body: Stainless Steel

   **Certified Junction Box**
   - Main Body: Stainless steel
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1. INTRODUCTION

Apex is a gas detection system that consists of a Transmitter Unit, a certified gas sensor and a set of accessories. The Transmitter Unit, Certified Sensor and Certified Junction Box accessory are all certified for use in potentially hazardous areas and are protected against water and dust ingress to IP67.

Typical working environments are oil and gas distribution, petroleum extraction and chemical manufacture.

System installation is straightforward. Components should be installed in accordance with the procedures described in this handbook and to local or national installation codes of practice.

The Transmitter Unit acts as the local system controller and features a large LCD screen and four control buttons that are used for operator interaction. Control of the system is implemented via a system of software-driven hierarchical menus that include such operations as cartridge change, system configuration, etc. Remote control of the system can be made via an optional digital interface.

The Transmitter Unit can have the Certified Sensor fitted to it locally or mounted remotely using a Certified Junction Box and additional cabling up to 100 metres long.

The Transmitter Unit provides a 4-20mA output, as well as an optional digital output. Relays for operating locally-wired devices, such as lights, horns, etc. are included. The range of accessories enhances operation of the system and includes a collecting cone, weather protection, etc.

The Certified Sensor is compatible with a range of more than 40 sensor cartridges that use catalytic bead, thick film and electrochemical cells.

The interchangeable sensor cartridge determines which gas is monitored. All gas cartridges are fully calibrated when supplied.

The Certified Sensor uses intrinsically safe circuits to drive the cartridges. Cartridges may therefore be exchanged without powering down even in the presence of an explosive gas atmosphere.

Field calibration of the sensor, if required, is also possible. The cartridges available are listed in Appendix A.

The output from the sensor provides a gas concentration reading that is displayed on the LCD screen on the front of the Transmitter Unit and is also transmitted on the 4-20mA output and the optional digital interface.
1. INTRODUCTION

This handbook consists of the following parts:

- Chapter 1  Introduction
- Chapter 2  Overview
- Chapter 3  Installation
- Chapter 4  Operation
- Chapter 5  Maintenance
- Appendix A  Specifications
- Appendix B  Certification
- Appendix C  Accessories & Spare Parts
- Appendix D  Glossary

Information notices

The types of information notices used throughout this handbook are as follows:

![WARNING]

Indicates hazardous or unsafe practice which could result in severe injury or death to personnel.

Caution: Indicates hazardous or unsafe practice which could result in minor injury to personnel, or product or property damage.

Note: Provides useful/helpful/additional information.

Trademarks

The following trademarks are used in this handbook:

Teflon® and Freon® are registered trademarks of E.I. DuPont de Nemours and Co.
LonWorks®, Echelon®, Neuron®, and LonTalk® are registered trademarks of Echelon Corporation.

If more information outside the scope of this technical handbook is required please contact Honeywell Analytics.
This chapter provides an overview of the following system components, and provides their dimensions:

- **Transmitter Unit**
- **Certified Sensor**
- **Accessories**

For installation information see **Chapter 3**.

Also see drawing **2110C8049 Outline Dimensions of Certified Transmitter, Sensor & Accessories** (available on request from Honeywell Analytics).

### 2.1 TRANSMITTER UNIT

The Transmitter Unit provides a mounting point for a Certified Sensor and contains all the electronics associated with the gas detection system.

It features an LCD display screen that displays the controlling software menu system, and also a set of buttons that let an operator/user interact with the system by accessing the menus and responding to displayed messages.

The Transmitter Unit is shown with a Certified Sensor fitted.
2. OVERVIEW

- Locating pins
- External earth
- Unit base
- Interconnect PCB
- Captive bolt (3 off)
- Certified Sensor mounting
- Cable / conduit entry (2 off)

Cable/conduit entry sealing plug (1 off)
2.2 CERTIFIED SENSOR

The Certified Sensor consists of the sensor body and one of four types of replaceable gas cartridge and the electronics to output gas sensing data to the Apex Transmitter Unit. The Certified Sensor can be fitted with any one of a number of accessories, the majority of which fit in place of the sensor cap (see 2.3).

The four types of cartridge are:

- electrochemical cell
- catalytic (SG16 type)
- oxygen
- thick film

Caution: Only cartridges with the following part numbers can be fitted to the Certified Sensor:

- 2110B30x0, 31x0, 32x0, 33x0, 34x0, 35x0 series
- 2110B3700 - 2110B3999 range

Certified Sensor approved to CSA C22.2 No. 152 only when fitted with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for details.

The sensor should be mounted in the vertical orientation with the cartridge facing downwards.
2. OVERVIEW

All the gas cartridges are the same size except for the Oxygen cartridge, which is larger than the rest. To allow for its extra length an Oxygen Transducer Adaptor, supplied with the cartridge, mounts on the sensor bayonet fixing. The Oxygen cartridge is then inserted and the cap or accessory fitted.
2. ACCESSORIES

The Apex accessories provide optional equipment that can, for example, protect the Certified Sensor in harsh external environments and assist gas monitoring. All of the sensor accessories are easily fitted.

The following accessories are available:

- **Certified Junction Box** (Part Numbers: ATEX Ex d 2110B2100, UL/CSA [Explosion proof] 2110B2103) - two types for remote mounting a Certified Sensor.

- **Collecting Cone** (Part No: 2110B2151) - for use when monitoring lighter-than-air gases.

- **Flow Housing** (Part No: 2110B2140) - to aid sensor calibration and gas sample monitoring.

- **Weather Housing** (Part No: 2110B2150) - to protect the sensor from harsh weather.

- **Sunshade** (Part No: 2110B2152) - to protect the sensor from direct sunlight.

- **Filters** - three different filters to provide protection for the gas sensing cartridge.

- **O₂ Transducer Adaptor** - supplied with Oxygen cartridges to allow for their longer length over standard cartridges.

2.3.1 Certified Junction Box

**Part Numbers:**
- ATEX Ex d 2110B2100
- UL/CSA (Explosion proof) 2110B2103

The Certified Junction Box accessory is used to mount a Certified Sensor remotely from the Transmitter Unit, and provides a connection point for the sensor and field wiring.
2. OVERVIEW

Interconnect PCB

External earth

Unit base

Cable / conduit entry (2 off)

Captive bolt (3 off)

Certified Sensor mounting

140mm

95mm

152mm
2. OVERVIEW

2.3.2 Collecting Cone

Caution: This accessory should not be used for calibration purposes.

Part Number: 2110B2151

The Collecting Cone is **only** for use when monitoring lighter-than-air gases.

Its shape is designed to:

- increase the collection area for lighter than air gases
- allow the gases to escape so that the time to clear an alarm is not excessively prolonged.
- fit against a wall or other flat surface

Conforms to **CSA C22.2 No. 152** when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for details.

The Collecting Cone is attached to the sensor by means of a bayonet fitting.

Inside the cone is a 1/4in. O/D nozzle that can accept a tube and which provides a means to directly inject gas to the front of the sensor for gas response checking. The recommended flow rate for response checks is 1 litre per minute.

Accuracy of reading is not guaranteed.

*Note: Do not carry out response checks at wind speeds greater than 10m/s (22mph).*
2. OVERVIEW

2.3.3 Flow Housing

*Part Number: 2110B2140*

The Flow Housing accessory provides a means of applying gas to the sensor for calibration and test (for details see section 4.7). It can also be used in sampling systems where a sample of gas is drawn through a tube to the sensor. Conforms to **CSA C22.2 No. 152** when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for details.

It provides:

- Two ports 8mm I/D to take 6mm tubing.
- A seal to stop gas dilution.

The housing works irrespective of which pipe the gas is applied to and flows gas across the face of the sensor rather than onto its face.

The difference in reading between a calibration made with the Flow Housing accessory and one made under diffusion conditions (in a tank of still gas) is less than 30%. The Flow Housing is suitable for flow rates in the range of 0.7 - 1 litre per minute flow across the cell.

A hydrophobic filter is supplied with the housing which **must** be used when calibrating sensors fitted with flammable gas cartridges.

When calibrating sensors fitted with other types of cartridge then the filter mounted in the sensor cap for normal gas sensing operation (if fitted) must be removed and used in the Flow Housing.

The Flow Housing accessory is attached to the sensor by means of a bayonet fitting.
2. OVERVIEW

2.3.4 Weather Housing

Caution:  This accessory should not be used for calibration purposes.

This accessory is not recommended for use in still air conditions.

Part Number: 2110B2150

The Weather Housing accessory protects the sensor from hosing down/ cleaning operations and from extreme weather conditions, (e.g. torrential rain, storms, gales etc.). Conforms to CSA C22.2 No. 152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for details.

The weather housing should not be fitted if the operating environment of the sensor does not require the additional protection afforded. In still air conditions the gas is transported to the face of the sinter is by diffusion only. Under such conditions the weather protection will slow the rate at which gas can reach the sensing element and consequently the speed of response of the sensor to gas will be reduced.

As well as providing weather protection the housing also provides a means to directly inject gas to the front of the sensor via a 1/4in. O/D nozzle for gas response checking. The recommended flow rate for response checks is 1 litre per minute. Accuracy of reading is not guaranteed. Do not carry out response checks at wind speeds greater than 10m/s (22mph).

The accessory is attached to the sensor by means of a bayonet fitting.

Note:  The sensor will exhibit an increased reading(or indication) to gas with higher wind speeds. Fitting the weather housing with the supplied hydrophobic filter will eliminate this effect but increase the response time.
2. OVERVIEW

2.3.5 Sunshade

*Part Number: 2110B2152*

![Sunshade Diagram]

The Sunshade prevents excessive heating of the sensor by direct sunlight. Conforms to [CSA C22.2 No. 152](#) when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for details.

The sunshade is fitted to the sensor body by means of a clamp.

2.3.6 Oxygen Transducer Adaptor

![Oxygen Transducer Adaptor Diagram]

The Oxygen Transducer Adaptor is supplied with the Oxygen cartridge and is necessary because the depth of the Oxygen cartridge is more than that of the other gas cartridges.

The adaptor is attached to the Certified Sensor by means of a bayonet fitting. The Oxygen cartridge is fitted first and the sensor cap or accessory is then fitted to the adaptor by means of a bayonet fitting.

2.3.7 Filters

One of three different types of filter accessory can be fitted to the Certified Sensor in place of the rubber seal inside the sensor cap or accessory.

The three different types of filter available are:

- **Mesh filter** - *Part Number: 2110B2170* - for use in harsh environments. The filter prevents dirt from blocking the cartridge sinter.

- **Hydrophobic filter** - *Part Number: 2110B2171* - for use in environments where the cartridge front is likely to become wet. The hydrophobic material allows gas to pass through but not water. A hydrophobic filter is supplied with the Flow Housing and *must* be used when calibrating sensors fitted with flammable gas cartridges.

*Caution:* The sensitivity of some cartridges may be degraded by the hydrophobic filter.

- **Carbon filter** - *Part Number: 2110B2172* - for use in environments where significant volatile compounds are present. The filter prevents the cartridge from being critically affected.
3. INSTALLATION

The Apex system components can be used together in a variety of ways for different installation requirements in a hazardous environment. For installations of certified components also refer to the Control Drawings in Appendix B.

The following types of system installation are typical examples of those that can be made:

- Apex Transmitter unit with a Certified Sensor locally mounted at the Transmitter Unit and field wiring from the Transmitter Unit to the system controller.
- Transmitter unit with a Certified Sensor mounted remotely in a Certified Junction Box, with field wiring between the two components, and from the Transmitter Unit to the system controller.

This chapter describes how to:

- carry out the installation of a Transmitter Unit and Certified Sensor
- install an Certified Junction Box accessory with Certified Sensor, suitable for remote operation
- install a LonWorks Communications Board in a Transmitter Unit

This is to enable the unit to be controlled and communicate over a digital network, e.g. LonWorks.

Caution: Do not install a communications board into a UL or CSA certified Transmitter Unit

- install the system accessories

When fitting the system components consideration should be made regarding potential gas leak sources, density of the gas to be detected, probability of mechanical impacts and interference from other equipment and apparatus.

For optimum performance the Transmitter Unit and Certified Sensor should be installed in a location free from dust and direct sunlight. Sunshade and weather protection accessories for the sensor are available when operating in harsh external environments (see 3.4).

Refer to the relevant control system manual for external network connection information (e.g. field wiring, etc.).
3. INSTALLATION

Also see drawing 2110C8049 Outline Dimensions of Certified Transmitter, Sensor & Accessories (available on request from Honeywell Analytics).

General Installation Guidelines

The following general points should be noted before any installation is carried out.

- Read all the instructions before starting any of the installation procedures.
- Identify a suitable location with a flat surface where the Apex Transmitter Unit/Certified Junction Box can be mounted.
- Identify external cable requirements and the necessary cable/conduit entry ports to be used on the Apex Transmitter Unit/Certified Junction Box.
- The Certified Sensor must always point downwards to avoid collection of fluids and other materials on the face.
- When fitting components that are certified also refer to the Control Drawings (see Appendix B).

The system components comply with the EMC requirements of EN50270. In order to maintain compliance with this standard it is essential that the components are installed correctly as detailed below. It is the responsibility of the installation design authority to ensure that the electrical installation meets appropriate standards.

1. The unit should not be electrically connected to electrically noisy (dirty) metalwork or conductors. The case should be connected to a low noise (clean) earth line via the screen on the field cabling.

2. The entire length of the field cabling connected to each unit should be fully screened with the screen connected to a low noise earth.

3. The low noise earth line should only be connected to safety earth at a single point. Star earthing arrangements minimise earth current crosstalk. Field cabling shields should not be connected such that earth loops are produced.

4. The earth bonding arrangement must ensure that the maximum peak voltage between the unit case earth and any field cable conductor is less than 350V. Voltages in excess of this can cause permanent damage to the unit's RFI protection filters.

5. The use of a single, screening cable for each gas detector ensures maximum screening and minimum crosstalk. Cabling arrangements which use a single cable for connecting field devices compromise screening, increase the potential for crosstalk and prevent implementation of true star earthing.
3. INSTALLATION

6. Any electrical interference induced onto the 4-20mA loop conductors by the installation must be kept below the levels necessary to comply with the general requirements of EN50270. In practice, this means that peak noise currents induced on the current loop should be no greater than ± 0.25mA.

7. The 0V rail of the control card/system is often directly connected to one side of the 4-20mA current sensing resistor. Electrical noise on such a rail is therefore directly connected to the 4-20mA input. In order to avoid additional noise being induced on the 0V rail, it should not be common with the safety earth/ground which frequently carries a high level of electrical noise.

8. The 24V supply should be free from large transients and fluctuations.

The type of cable used for field wiring between the Apex transmitter and control equipment, and between the Apex transmitter and Apex sensor if mounted remotely, should be selected to meet the environmental and hazardous area requirements. The cable internal construction should be a of the screened, multi-core, multi-stranded type. The terminals within the product will accept a maximum conductor size of 2.5mm² (14AWG). The recommended minimum conductor size is 0.75mm² (20AWG). The conductors should be sized to give a total power supply loop resistance of less than 30 Ohms (ECC cartridge) or 16 Ohms (Catalytic cartridge).

If remote mounting the sensor from the transmitter a 4-core, screened cable with a minimum conductor size of 0.75mm² (20AWG) is required.

3.1 TRANSMITTER UNIT AND CERTIFIED SENSOR

This installation consists of a Transmitter Unit with Certified Sensor locally mounted at the Transmitter Unit together with field wiring.

The system components can be installed by a single technician.

This procedure describes how to:

- install a Transmitter Unit
- fit a Certified Sensor to the local Transmitter Unit
- connect up the Certified Sensor and field wiring
- configure the Transmitter Unit relay and alarm settings
- install a gas sensing cartridge into the Certified Sensor

Refer to the General Installation Guidelines at the beginning of this chapter.
3. INSTALLATION

3.1.1 Installing the Transmitter Unit

Cautions:

1. Observe precautions for handling electrostatic discharge sensitive devices.

2. Ensure that the Apex Transmitter Unit flamepath is not damaged during this procedure. The flamepath is formed by the mating surfaces of the Apex Transmitter Unit top and base (see diagram).

(1) Isolate all associated power supplies and ensure that they remain OFF during the installation procedure. Ensure a gas free atmosphere.

(2) Attach the Apex Transmitter Unit to the supporting structure. Drill two mounting holes (68mm apart) and use the unit’s mounting slots in the base with either two M10 bolts or a single 10mm U-bolt Cable/conduit entry sealing plug.

(3) Detach the top of the Transmitter Unit. Unscrew the three captive M8 bolts in the base. Support the top and let the metal retaining cable, attaching the top to the base, hold the top. Take care not to damage or strain the ribbon cable between the top and the base.

(4) Fit and connect the field wiring.

See the subsequent wiring table and diagram. Use either:

Conduit - using one or both of the 3/4 NPT conduit entries. Ensure that a conduit sealing fitting is installed within 460mm of the enclosure on all conduit runs.
3. INSTALLATION

**Cable** - using any suitable flameproof cable entry device certified a Equipment to Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX).

*Note:* All unused cable/conduit entries must be sealed with a suitable certified sealing plug (one plug is supplied).

Typical wiring arrangements to the Transmitter Unit are (with all cables screened):

### Single cable/conduit entry

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power</th>
<th>4-20mA</th>
<th>Digital Comms</th>
<th>Relays</th>
<th>Cores used</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Twin cable/conduit entries

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power</th>
<th>4-20mA</th>
<th>Digital Comms</th>
<th>Relays</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2 (4 cores)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>6 (6 cores)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2 (6 cores)</td>
<td>6 (6 cores)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x power in</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2 x comms in (4 cores)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x power out</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2 x comms out (4 cores)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*More complex wiring schemes may need to use external Certified Junction Boxes either because of cable/conduit entry capacity or because there are more than two cable/conduit destinations.*
3. INSTALLATION

3.1.2 Fitting the Certified Sensor

(1) Fit the Certified Sensor to the Transmitter Unit.

Feed the sensor cable through the Certified Sensor mounting point at the front of the Transmitter Unit base. Screw the sensor firmly into the mounting point until it is fully home.

(2) Connect the sensor wiring.

See the following wiring table and diagram.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal Number</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Recommended Wire Length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SK3 (Sensor)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK4 (Comms and Power)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK6 (Relays)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal Number</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Recommended Wire Length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SK3 (Sensor)</td>
<td>CAN_L</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>40mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CAN_H</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>40mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+V</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>40mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0V</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>40mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Screen</td>
<td></td>
<td>40mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK4 (Comms and Power)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK6 (Relays)</td>
<td>Fault</td>
<td></td>
<td>50mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fault common</td>
<td></td>
<td>50mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>50mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm 1 common</td>
<td></td>
<td>50mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm 2</td>
<td></td>
<td>50mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm 2 common</td>
<td></td>
<td>50mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Earth</td>
<td>Green/Yellow</td>
<td>50mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. INSTALLATION

(3) Configure the Transmitter Unit if required.

Set the links on the Interconnect PCB for the required relay contact settings and for the 4-20mA topology. See 3.1.4.

(4) Refit the top to the base.

Cautions:

1. Ensure that there is no moisture inside the unit before fitting the top.

2. Use only the captive bolts supplied, replacement with alternative bolts will invalidate certification.

Follow the reverse of the removal procedure supporting the top. The top should be positioned using the locating pins on the Apex Transmitter Unit base and then lowered onto the base.

Ensure that the lid retaining cable and wiring is not trapped and the O-ring in the top is correctly located.

Ensure that the ribbon cable is not twisted and is correctly positioned. Check that there is no discernible gap between the top and the base. Tighten the three captive M8 bolts to 5Nm (3.68 foot-pounds).
3. INSTALLATION

3.1.3 Installing the Gas Sensing Cartridge

(1) Remove the cap from the Certified Sensor body. 
   Rotate the cap or accessory 1/4 turn in an anticlockwise direction to release the bayonet fitting.

(2) Fit the gas sensing cartridge into the sensor body.

![Diagram of Sensor body, Cartridge fitted to sensor body, Sensor cap]

**WARNING**
Sensor Cartridges may contain corrosive solutions. Dispose of according to local and national regulations.

Each cartridge is provided with a certificate of calibration (printed on the reverse of the instruction sheet, Part No: 2110M8015, supplied with the cartridge) that guarantees that the cartridge is calibrated and ready for use. Before installing a cartridge check that the number on the cartridge label matches the gas type and range for the function required.

**Caution:** Only cartridges with the following part numbers can be fitted to the Certified Sensor:

- 2110B30x0, 31x0, 32x0, 33x0, 34x0, 35x0 series
- 2110B3700 - 2110B3999 range

**Note:** Conforms to CSA C22.2 No. 152 only when fitted with specific cartridges. See specifications for details.

Carefully plug the cartridge into the Certified Sensor body ensuring that the cartridge tab lines up with the recess in the sensor body and push the cartridge, without twisting, until it is fully home.

If the cartridge will not push fully home, re-check that the locating tab is correctly aligned with the recess in the sensor body. Position the tab so it is resting on the tab recess wall to the right or left of the tab recess and then turn the cartridge until the tab drops into the recess.
3. INSTALLATION

Caution: Do not force the cartridge as this may cause damage to the pins of the connecting plugs. Twisting and pushing can bend the pins and make the cartridge inoperative.

Note: If fitting an Oxygen cartridge ensure that the Oxygen Transducer Adaptor supplied with the Oxygen cartridge is fitted to the Certified Sensor body. The adaptor is fitted to the sensor body via a bayonet fitting.

(3) Refit the cap to the Certified Sensor. Reverse the removal procedure.

(4) Check for correct operation of the system by carrying out the procedures described in Chapter 4.
3. INSTALLATION

3.1.4 Transmitter Unit Configuration

**Caution:** *Do not change either Relay or 4-20mA link setting while unit is powered up.*

The following information specifies the unit configuration options.

**Relays**

Links J1, J2 and J3 set the contact operation for the **Fault**, **Alarm 1** and **Alarm 2** relays respectively.

**J1 (Fault relay - normally energised)**

- ![Diagram](image)

**J2 and J3 (Alarm 1 and 2 Relays - normally de-energised)**

- ![Diagram](image)

**Note:** Relay states shown are the shelf state. Relay contacts are rated at 100mA (min), 2A (max), 30Vdc non-inductive*. **HIGHER VOLTAGES MUST NOT BE USED**

(* UL specification: 28Vdc, 1A)
3. INSTALLATION

4-20mA loop

The summary table and subsequent diagrams identify the link and terminal settings for 4-20mA loop options.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Link</th>
<th>SK4</th>
<th>4 - 20mA loop topology</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Terminal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram of J4" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram of J5" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4 - 20mA -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4 - 20mA +</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Total 4-20mA loop resistance should be less than 300 ohms.
Total power supply loop resistance should be less than 30 ohms (ECC cartridge) or 16 ohms (catalytic cartridge).
Typical power consumption with relays active is 3.6W (ECC cartridge) or 5.6W (catalytic cartridge).

Isolated Mode (4-wire)
3. INSTALLATION

Current Sink Mode (3-wire)

Current Source Mode (3-wire)
3. INSTALLATION

3.2 CERTIFIED JUNCTION BOX AND CERTIFIED SENSOR

This installation consists of a Certified Junction Box accessory with the Certified Sensor locally mounted at the box together with field wiring.

The system components can be installed by a single technician. This procedure describes how to:

- install a Certified Junction Box
- fit the Certified Sensor to the Certified Junction Box
- connect up the Certified Sensor and field wiring
- configure the Certified Junction Box
- install a gas sensing cartridge into the Certified Sensor

Refer to the General Installation Guidelines at the beginning of this chapter.
3. INSTALLATION

3.2.1 Installing the Certified Junction Box

Caution: Ensure that the Certified Junction Box flamepath is not damaged during this procedure. The flamepath is formed by the mating surfaces of the Certified Junction Box top and base (see diagrams).

(1) Isolate all associated power supplies and ensure that they remain **OFF** during the installation procedure. Ensure a gas free atmosphere.

(2) Attach the Certified Junction Box to the supporting structure.

*Drill two mounting holes (68mm apart) and use the unit’s mounting slots in the base with either two M10 bolts or a single 10mm U-bolt.*

(3) Remove the Certified Junction Box lid.

*Unscrew the three captive M8 bolts. The lid is retained by a metal retaining cable attached to the base.*
3. INSTALLATION

(4) Fit and connect the field wiring. 
See the subsequent tables and diagram for wiring details. Use either:

Conduit - using one or both of the \( \frac{3}{4} \) NPT conduit entries. Ensure that a conduit sealing fitting is installed within 18" of the enclosure on all conduit runs.

Cable - using any suitable flameproof cable entry device certified as Equipment to Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX).

Notes:
1. All unused cable/conduit entries must be sealed with a certified sealing plug (one plug is supplied fitted).
2. For a multi-sensor system using a network loop, both cable/conduit entries are used, one bringing the loop connections in and the other taking them out of the box. Remove the fitted certified sealing plug from the spare cable/conduit entry.

3.2.2 Fitting the Certified Sensor
(1) Fit the Certified Sensor to the Certified Junction Box.

Pass the sensor connecting cable through the sensor mounting point and then screw the sensor firmly into the sensor mounting point until it is fully home.

(2) Connect the sensor wiring.
See the following diagram and table for wiring details.
3. INSTALLATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal/Number</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Colour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SK1</td>
<td>1 CAN_L</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK2</td>
<td>2 CAN_H</td>
<td>Green or Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK3</td>
<td>3 +V</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 0V</td>
<td>Black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 Not used</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SK4</td>
<td>1 Screen *</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 Screen *</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>- Earth</td>
<td>Green/Yellow</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Only connect cable screens to these terminals if they are isolated at the remote end.

**Note:** Three sensor wiring terminal blocks are provided (SK1, SK2, SK3), any two can be used.

(3) Configure the Certified Junction Box if required.
3. INSTALLATION

Set the link on the Interconnect PCB for the required Controller Area network (CAN) setting. See 3.2.4.

(4) Refit the top to the Certified Junction Box base.

Cautions:
1. Ensure that there is no moisture inside the Certified Junction Box before fitting the lid.
2. Use only the captive bolts supplied, replacement with alternative bolts will invalidate certification.

The top should be located using the locating pins on the Certified Junction Box base and then lowered onto the base. Ensure that the lid retaining cable and/or wiring are not trapped and the O-ring in the top is correctly located. Check that there is no discernible gap between the top and the base. Tighten the captive M8 bolts to 5Nm (3.68 foot-pounds).

3.2.3 Installing the Gas Sensing Cartridge

(1) Remove the cap from the Certified Sensor body.

Sensor body

Sensor cap

Rotate the cap or accessory 1/4 turn in an anticlockwise direction to release the bayonet fitting.

(2) Fit the gas sensing cartridge into the sensor body.

WARNING

Sensor Cartridges may contain corrosive solutions. Dispose of according to local and national regulations.

Each cartridge is provided with a certificate of calibration (printed on the reverse of the instruction sheet, Part No: 2110M8015, supplied with the cartridge) that guarantees that the cartridge is calibrated and ready for use. Before installing a cartridge check that the number on the cartridge label matches the gas type and range for the function required.
3. INSTALLATION

Caution: Only cartridges with the following part numbers can be fitted to the Certified Sensor:

- 2110B30x0, 31x0, 32x0, 33x0, 34x0, 35x0 series
- 2110B3700 - 2110B3999 range

Note: For remote CSA Certified Sensor installations combustible cartridges in the range of part numbers 2110B3700 to 2110B3799 MUST NOT BE FITTED.

Carefully plug the cartridge into the Certified Sensor body ensuring that the cartridge tab lines up with the recess in the sensor body and push the cartridge, without twisting, until it is fully home.

If the cartridge will not push fully home, re-check that the locating tab is correctly aligned with the recess in the sensor body. Position the tab so it is resting on the tab recess wall to the right or left of the tab recess and then turn the cartridge until the tab drops into the recess.

Caution: Do not force the cartridge as this may cause damage to the pins of the connecting plugs. Twisting and pushing can bend the pins and make the cartridge inoperative.

Note: If fitting an Oxygen cartridge ensure that the Oxygen Transducer Adaptor supplied with the Oxygen cartridge is fitted to the Certified Sensor body. The adaptor is fitted to the sensor body via a bayonet fitting.

(3) Refit the cap to the Certified Sensor.

Reverse the removal procedure.
3. INSTALLATION

(5) Check for correct operation of the system by carrying out the procedures described in Chapter 4.

3.2.4 Certified Junction Box Configuration

The following information specifies the Certified Junction Box configuration options.

Controller Area Network (CAN) Termination Link - J1

- Terminated
- Unterminated (default)

Note: Leave the link in the Unterminated position.

3.3 LONWORKS COMMUNICATIONS BOARD

The LonWorks Communications Board can be installed in the Transmitter Unit by a single person. It is fitted into the top of the unit to form part of the main PCB assembly.

Note: Do not install a communications board into a UL or CSA certified Transmitter Unit.

Refer to the General Installation Guidelines at the beginning of this chapter.

Fitting the board should be carried out by a qualified technician.

Electrical interconnections for the communications board are made at the same time as mechanical installation by means of plugs attached to the communications board. These plugs mate with existing sockets on the main PCB fitted to the Apex Transmitter Unit lid.

Once the board is fitted any external LonWorks network wiring required is connected.
3. INSTALLATION

Note: The board is supplied with the mounting pillars fitted to it.

This procedure describes how to:

- remove the Transmitter Unit top
- remove the Main PCB assembly from the top
- fit the LonWorks Communication Board to the Main PCB
- refit the Main PCB assembly into the top
- connect the LonWorks network wiring
- refit the Transmitter Unit top
- operational check and binding the LonWorks Communication Board to the network

Refer to the General Installation Guidelines at the beginning of this chapter.

3.3.1 Removing the Transmitter Unit top

Cautions:

1. **Observe precautions for handling electrostatic discharge sensitive devices.**

2. **Ensure that the Apex Transmitter Unit flamepath is not damaged during this procedure. The flamepath is formed by the mating surfaces of the Apex Transmitter Unit top and base (see diagram).**

   (1) Isolate all associated power supplies and ensure that they remain OFF during this procedure. Ensure a gas free atmosphere.

   (2) Disconnect from the Transmitter Unit base the wire retaining cable fitted between the top and the base.

   *Unscrew and remove the single M6 hexagon screw that secures the cable to the base.*

---

![Diagram](image-url)

- **Cable entry sealing plug**
3. INSTALLATION

(3) Detach the top of the Transmitter Unit.

*Unscrew the three captive M8 bolts underneath the base. Lift the top clear of the locating pins. Take care not to damage or strain the ribbon cable connecting the top and the base. Support the top and ensure that it is supported whilst the next step is carried out.*

(4) Unlatch the ribbon cable Zero Insertion Force (ZIF) connector on the Interconnect PCB.

*Grip the ends of the ZIF and pull it vertically upwards until it is felt to stop and the ribbon cable is loose.*

(5) Pull the ribbon cable clear.

*Remove the top and take to a workshop area.*

3.3.2 Removing the Main PCB assembly from the top

(1) Place the top with the certificate face down on a flat surface.

*This provides access to the components inside the top.*

(2) Remove the PCB Baffle from the Transmitter Unit top.

*Unscrew and remove the two PCB Baffle securing screws.*

(3) Disconnect the flying lead plug and socket connecting the Main PCB Potted assembly to the top.

(4) Slide the Main PCB Potted assembly out of the Apex Transmitter Unit top.
3. INSTALLATION

3.3.3 Fitting the LonWorks Communication Board to the Main PCB

(1) Place the Main PCB Potted assembly on a flat surface with the flying lead and plug on top. *Push the flying lead to one side so that there is clear access to the Main PCB.*

(2) Remove the LonWorks Communication Board from its antistatic bag.

(3) Position the Communication Board over the Main PCB. *Ensure the mounting pillars point downwards. Check that the two plugs on the Communication Board are correctly aligned with the sockets on the Main PCB and the mounting pillars are aligned with their mounting holes.*

(4) Carefully press the Communication Board down evenly onto the Main PCB. *Ensure that the pillars locate in their mounting holes and the electrical plugs are fully home.*
3. INSTALLATION

(5) Reconnect the flying lead plug and socket connecting the Main PCB to the top.

3.3.4 Refitting the Main PCB Assembly into the Top

(1) Refit the Main PCB Potted assembly with Communication Board into the top.

_Reverse the removal procedure. The assembly should be fitted so that the communications board is on the same side as the LCD display with the ribbon cable at the top._

(2) Refit the PCB Baffle.

_Caution: When refitting the parts into the top take care not to damage the flying lead plug assembly wires._

_Ensure that the vertical part of the baffle goes between the Main PCB and the flying lead (see diagram)._  
_Push the Communication Board earth lead through the top middle hole in the baffle._  
_Secure the earth lead under one of the two baffle securing screws. Tighten the screws to 1.0Nm (0.74 foot-pounds)._  

---

3.3.5 Connecting the LonWorks Network Wiring

(1) Fit and connect the communication network field wiring to **SK4** in the base of the Transmitter Unit.

_Refer to the table and diagram for wiring details. Use either:_

- **Conduit** - using one or both of the 3/4 NPT conduit entries. Ensure that a conduit sealing fitting is installed within 18” of the enclosure on all conduit runs.

- **Cable** - using any suitable flameproof cable entry device certified as Equipment to Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX).

_Note:_ All unused cable/conduit entries must be sealed with a suitable certified sealing plug (one plug is supplied with the Apex Transmitter Unit).
3. INSTALLATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal number</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Min. length of cable from entry point</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SK4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>NET1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Comms &amp; Power)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>NET2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Three terminal blocks are provided, any two can be used.

3.3.6 Refitting the Transmitter Unit Top

1. Support the top.

   Ensure that it is supported whilst the next step is carried out.

2. Reconnect to the Transmitter Unit base the wire retaining cable fitted between the top and the base.

   Fit and tighten the single M6 hexagon screw that secures the cable to the base. Tighten the M6 screw to 3Nm (2.21 foot-pounds). Remove the support for the top and let the top down gently until it is supported by the retaining cable.

3. Reconnect the ribbon cable into the ZIF connector on the Interconnect PCB in the base of the Transmitter Unit.

   Follow the reverse of the removal procedure ensuring that the ribbon is not twisted and is correctly centred relative to the ZIF connector before insertion. Make sure that the ribbon cable contacts face in the same direction as the arrow on the following diagram. Push the latch on the connector down evenly until it is fully engaged.
3. INSTALLATION

(4) Refit the top to the Transmitter Unit base.

Cautions:

1. **Ensure that there is no moisture inside the unit before fitting the top.**
2. **Use only the captive bolts supplied, replacement with alternative bolts will invalidate certification.**

   The top should be located using the locating pins on the Apex base and then lowered onto the base. Ensure no wires are trapped and the O-ring in the top is correctly located. Check that there is no discernible gap between the top and the base. 

   **Tighten the captive M8 bolts to 5Nm (3.68 foot-pounds).**

(5) Check for correct operation of the system by carrying out the procedures described in the following section.

3.3.7 Operational Check

After installing the Communication Board and connecting the communication network wiring it is necessary to check that the Apex Transmitter Unit, Certified Sensor and Communication Board are working correctly together and also bind the equipment, which now acts together as a node, to the communication network.

(1) Power-up the Transmitter Unit.

(2) Check that the Transmitter Unit completes its start-up sequence successfully.

   *The Gas Reading should be displayed. Refer to the Fault Diagnosis sub-section in Chapter 4 if an error message is displayed.*

(3) Press the **esc** button on the front panel.

   *The Main Menu is displayed.*
3. INSTALLATION

(4) Select (highlight) the Configuration Menu option.
*Use the up/down keys.*

(5) Press the ok button.

(6) Enter the current Level 2 password.
*The Configuration Menu is displayed.*

(7) Select (highlight) the Configure Digital option.

(8) Press the ok button.
*Use the up/down keys.*

*The Configure Digital menu is shown displaying information similar to the following.*

For a full explanation of the information see Chapter 4.

(9) Select the Assert Service PIN option.

(10) Press the ok button.
*This binds the node to the network.*

*The display automatically returns to the Configuration Menu.*

(11) Press the esc button twice
*This returns to the Gas Reading display via the Main Menu.*

3.4 ACCESSORIES

All the accessories except for the Sunshade and filter are fitted to the Certified Sensor in the same way.

To fit a filter see the filter replacement instructions given in Chapter 5.

For the dimensions of the accessories see Chapter 2.

3.4.1 Flow Housing, Weather Protection, Collecting Cone

To fit the Flow Housing, Weather Protection, Collecting Cone accessories carry out the following procedure.

(1) Remove the Certified Sensor cap.
3. INSTALLATION

Rotate the cap in an anticlockwise direction by 1/4 turn to release the bayonet fitting and pull off.

(2) Remove the rubber seal or filter from the sensor cap.

The rubber seal or filter is held in place in the cap by its three lugs. Carefully prise the rubber seal or filter free from the lug location points in the cap or accessory.

(3) For the Collecting Cone only fit the cone onto the supplied housing.

The Collecting Cone is supplied as a kit of two parts that clip together.

(4) Fit the rubber seal/filter to the accessory.

Ensure that the rubber seal or filter is correctly installed in the accessory the correct way round with the three lugs closest to the front face of the accessory and correctly engaged in the locators.

(5) Fit the accessory onto the Certified Sensor body.

Reverse the cap removal procedure. The diagram shows the Flow Housing accessory fitted to the Certified Sensor.
3. INSTALLATION

3.4.2 Sunshade

The sun shade can be used with other accessories in the range such as the Flow Housing, Weather Protection and Collecting Cone, but should be attached before any other accessories are fitted, or after their removal.

To fit the Sunshade accessory carry out the following procedure.

1. Remove the Certified Sensor cap or accessory.

   The cap or accessory is held by means of a bayonet fitting. Unscrew 1/4 turn anticlockwise and pull off.

2. Slide the Sunshade clamp over the sensor body.

   The shade should be positioned so that the whole sensor is shielded.

3. Fit the supplied self-tapping screw through the Sunshade clamp's left-hand hole (looking from the clamp end of the Sunshade).

   The self-tapping screw is a K40x16PT Pan Flange PZ Head.
3. INSTALLATION

(4) Drive the screw home into the clamp's right-hand hole until the Sunshade's clamp grips the Certified Sensor body tightly.

(5) Refit the sensor cap or accessory.

Reverse the removal procedure.
4. OPERATION

The Apex gas measuring system is controlled from the Transmitter Unit via a menu system, displayed on an LCD screen, and a set of control buttons.

This chapter provides operational information about the following:

- Display and control buttons
- Start-up
- Passwords
- Menus
- User Tasks
- Fault diagnosis
- System Calibration
- Binding the Communications Board to the Network

If an optional digital communications board is fitted in the Transmitter Unit, e.g. LonWorks, then control can also be achieved from a remote location.

4.1 DISPLAY AND CONTROL BUTTONS
4. OPERATION

4.1.1 LCD screen

The screen provides a graphical user interface that, during normal operation, displays gas reading information. It also displays information about the system to the user, via a password protected hierarchical system of menus, together with system fault and information messages.

Caution: Gas events occurring whilst in menus are not reported locally.

4.1.2 Control buttons

The four buttons on the front panel below the LCD screen have the following functions:

- **(esc)** is used to exit/cancel the current screen/option and return to the previous screen/option.
- **(up)** is used to move upwards through the menu lists and to select (highlight) a required menu option. It is also used to increment displayed values.
- **(down)** is used to move downwards through the menu lists and to select (highlight) a required menu option. It is also used to decrement displayed values.
- **(ok)** is used to execute/acknowledge the chosen item.

The buttons are also used to enter the current password when required to access different menu levels (see 4.3 and 4.4).

Note: If a user response using the buttons is not made to a required menu action, e.g. change/accept a displayed setting value, then the system waits for approximately 10 minutes before the process is aborted and the unit reverts to normal operation with the display showing the normal Gas Reading screen.

If a value had been displayed and not changed within the timeout period the system reverts to the status quo and uses the previously stored setting.
4. OPERATION

4.2 START-UP

Switch on the power supply to the Apex Transmitter Unit.

With a correctly installed Certified Sensor the following information is shown sequentially on the LCD screen:

- HONEYWELL ANALYTICS
- INITIALISING
- CONNECTING
- CO 100 ppm

The Transmitter Unit initially waits for the Certified Sensor to stabilise, during which period the 4-20mA output is inhibited (2mA). Wait for 15 minutes to ensure sensor stabilisation has occurred before continuing.

If the sensor does not stabilise during the initialisation period (15 minutes), one of the fault (F) or warning (W) alarm messages shown in Section 4.6 is displayed.

When the Certified Sensor stabilises, the LCD screen shows the current Gas Reading together with the gas identity, full scale, and the units of measurement."

Note: If the current Gas Reading exceeds full scale the displayed reading will be replaced with ' >>>>>'."

This information is also transmitted on the 4-20mA output and optionally on the digital network if a communications board is fitted in the Transmitter Unit.

Note: If the Transmitter Unit has a LonWorks Communications Board fitted then the unit will, at some stage, need to be bound to the LonWorks network. To do this carry out the LonWorks binding procedure described at the end of this chapter.

4.3 PASSWORDS

Caution: Always store passwords in a secure place. Do not let unauthorised users access to them.

The different parts of the high-level menu structure are protected from different levels of user by assigning a set of three different passwords.

The three password levels correspond to the following types of system user:

- Level 1: System operator
- Level 2: System technician
- Level 3: System administrator
4. OPERATION

For example the **Level 1 Password** provides a system operator with access to day-to-day system operations, e.g. resetting alarms, checking the number of hours to the next Certified Sensor calibration, etc.

**Level 2 Password** could be assigned to a technician who needs to carry out more difficult operations such as calibrating the Certified Sensor.

**Level 3 Password** is for the system administrator to initially set and subsequently change passwords.

Once the three levels of password are specified then they are assigned to users by the system administrator depending on their access authority.

Each password consists of a sequence of control button presses.

When prompted during menu use, the user enters the current four-digit password required by pressing the four buttons in the correct sequence.

The entered password is represented on the LCD screen using asterisk characters (*).

**Notes:**

1. The last keystroke is not displayed on the screen. If the password is correct then the menu action previously selected is implemented immediately. If it is not correct the asterisks are cleared and the user must enter the correct password to proceed.

2. The default password supplied when the unit is first delivered is entered by pressing the ok, up, down and down buttons in sequence. This provides initial access to all of the menus.

The password level hierarchy allows the following:

- Functions available at **Level 1** can also be accessed by using the **Level 2** or **Level 3** passwords.
- Functions available at **Level 2** can also be accessed by using the **Level 3** password. They **cannot** be accessed by Level 1.
- Functions available at **Level 3** can only be accessed by using the **Level 3** password. They **cannot** be accessed by Level 1 or Level 2.

**Note:** After changing, the three passwords can also be reset to the default value. Resetting all the passwords can only be carried out by the system administrator (see 4.3.2).

### 4.3.1 Setting/changing passwords

This combined procedure describes how to initially set passwords and how to subsequently change them.

1. Power-up the system.
   
   *Wait for the Gas Reading display to stabilise.*

2. Press the esc button.
   
   *The Main Menu is displayed.*
4. OPERATION

(3) Navigate to the Change Passwords Menu option.
   Use the ▲▼ (up/down) keys.

(4) Press ok.

(5) Enter the current Level 3 password.
   Use the buttons on the front panel. If setting passwords for the first time after unit delivery or password reset, enter the default password by pressing the ok ▲▼▼▼ ▲▼ (ok, up, down and down) buttons in sequence. Passwords are shown using asterisks (*) on the LCD.

   The Change Passwords Menu is then displayed.

(6) Navigate to the password level option to be changed.
   Use the ▲▼ (up/down) keys.

(7) Press ok.

   The following screen is displayed:

   ![Level 1 Password screen](image)

   This example shows the Level 1 Password screen. The screens for Levels 2 and 3 are similar.

(8) Enter the current password for the chosen level.
   Use the buttons on the front panel. If setting the password for the first time after unit delivery or password reset, enter the default password by pressing the ok ▲▼▼▼ ▲▼ (ok, up, down and down) buttons in sequence. Passwords are shown using asterisks (*) on the LCD.

   The following screen is displayed:

   ![Level 1 Password screen](image)
4. OPERATION

(9) Enter the new password.

*The following screen is displayed:*

![Level 1 Password ReEnter New Password]

(10) Enter the new password again.

*The following screen is displayed:*

![Level 1 Password Success! OK:Continue]

(11) Press ok.

*The display returns to the Change Passwords Menu.*

Follow the procedure to set/change another password or press esc to return to the Main Menu.

*Note: If the wrong password is entered at the prompt during step 10 the following screen is displayed:*

![Level 1 Password Failure! OK:Continue]

(1) Press ok.

*The display returns to the Change Passwords Menu.*

(2) Repeat the procedure re-entering the correct password.

4.3.2 Password reset

The Reset Passwords option allows the system administrator to reset all the passwords back to the default password supplied when the unit is first delivered, i.e. **ok ▲▼ (ok, up, down and down)**. This provides initial access to all of the menus.

To reset the access passwords to the default value carry out the following procedure:

(1) Power-up the system.

*Wait for the Gas Reading display to stabilise.*

(2) Press the esc button.
4. OPERATION

The Main Menu is displayed.

The system Main Menu is accessed by pressing the esc button at the Gas Reading display.

The Main Menu provides access to the primary tasks that are required when setting-up and controlling the Transmitter Unit and Certified Sensor. The following diagram summarises the menu hierarchy and options.

(3) Navigate to the Reset Passwords option.
Use the up/down keys.

(4) Press ok.

(5) At the prompt enter the following sequence of 8 keystrokes:

(up, down, ok, esc, esc, ok, down, up)

All the passwords are reset to their default value and the display returns to the Main Menu.

4.4 MENUS

Menus are used to implement control of the Transmitter Unit.

The Main Menu is displayed.

(3) Navigate to the Reset Passwords option.
Use the up/down keys.

(4) Press ok.

(5) At the prompt enter the following sequence of 8 keystrokes:

(up, down, ok, esc, esc, ok, down, up)

All the passwords are reset to their default value and the display returns to the Main Menu.

4.4 MENUS

Menus are used to implement control of the Transmitter Unit.

The system Main Menu is accessed by pressing the esc button at the Gas Reading display.

The Main Menu provides access to the primary tasks that are required when setting-up and controlling the Transmitter Unit and Certified Sensor. The following diagram summarises the menu hierarchy and options.
4. OPERATION

The subsequent subsections describe each of the main menu options in turn and show, using a flowchart format, how to access and implement their sub-options.

The following symbols are used on the flowchart diagrams:

- Gas Calibrate
- Zero Calibration screen
- Zero Gas
- Calibrating
- Success?
- Use up/down buttons
- ok

Sub-menu option selected.
Sub-menu action.
User action.
System process.
Decision.
Comment/instruction.
Button press.
4. OPERATION

4.4.1 Calibration Menu

Caution: The calibration procedure should only be performed by qualified personnel.

Caution: "If "Yes" is selected for the "Span Calibrate?" option, the span calibration must be completed successfully. Failure to do so will result in the unit signaling a "Calibration Needed" fault.

The Calibration Menu allows settings for the Transmitter Unit to be made, e.g. relay operation, and also settings for the Certified Sensor, e.g. gas calibrate.

This menu is protected by a Level 2 password.
4. OPERATION

Gas Calibrate

This option calibrates the Certified Sensor zero gas point and the span setting point (see 4.7 for details of how to carry out this procedure).

![Diagram of Gas Calibrate process]

Calibration Menu

Note: Depending on the type of gas cartridge fitted to the sensor, a choice of two calibration gases may be displayed during Span Calibration, e.g. C₇H₈ has the options C₇H₈ and CH₄ as choices. If so choose the one that will be used for calibration and press ok to continue.
4. OPERATION

**Cautions:**

1. **Ensure that the area around the sensor is gas free before exiting the Gas Challenge mode.**
2. **Upon leaving gas challenge mode, all outputs return to their active states (from inhibited). Ensure that values have returned to zero to avoid extraneous alarms.**

Provides the means to check correct operation of the unit in the presence of the gas being sensed without triggering alarms, etc.

Selecting this menu item puts the Transmitter Unit’s 4-20mA output into Inhibit and prevents the relays from being energised. The Transmitter Unit does not signal Fault if one is induced.

---

**Gas Challenge**

- **ok**
- **Gas Challenge screen**
- **Apply Gas**
- **Gas reading OK?**
  - **Yes**
  - **No**
    - **Fault diagnosis**
  - **esc**
- **Calibration Menu**
4. OPERATION

**4-20mA Set Zero**

This option allows the zero point within the 4-20mA signal range to be adjusted between 3.5 and 4.5mA. The default setting is 4.0mA. The offset applies to all 4-20mA output states including Inhibit, Warning, Overrange and Alarms.

**Force 4-20mA**

**Caution:** Ensure that when forcing a signal on the 4-20mA output that the effects on the network and controller are understood.

This option allows the 4-20mA output to be forced to a level selected between 0 and 22mA. The default is 1mA. The forced setting times out after approximately 5 minutes and the output returns to normal active operation.
4. OPERATION

**Force Relays**

Caution: Ensure that when forcing a relay response that the effects on the network and controller are understood, e.g. alarm activation, etc.

Provides the means to test the operation of the Transmitter Unit's relays by forcing them in turn to be energised/de-energised.

Relays return to normal set states when in **Main Menu** or after a timeout period of approximately 5 minutes.

---

**Calibration Menu**

Use up/down buttons

Use up/down buttons

Test another relay?

Yes

esc

Calibration Menu
4. OPERATION

**Force Digital**

**Calibration Menu**

**Caution:** Ensure that when forcing a signal on the digital output that the effects on the network and controller are understood, e.g. alarm activation, etc.

This option allows the digital output (if a digital communications board is fitted to the Transmitter Unit, e.g. LonWorks) to be forced to output an alarm signal, from Alarm 1 or Alarm 2 or no alarm.

Times out after approximately 5 minutes. The 4-20mA output and relays are unaffected.

![Diagram of Force Digital and Calibration Menu process]

- **Use up/down buttons**
  - 0 = No output
  - 1 = Alarm 1 output
  - 2 = Alarm 2 output
4. OPERATION

4.4.2 Configuration Menu

Note: The Configure Backlight option is not available on CSA Certified Transmitter Units.

The Configuration Menu changes settings for the Transmitter Unit, e.g. alarm operation, and also configures Certified Sensor operations, e.g. when changing the Certified Sensor gas cartridge.

This menu is protected by a Level 2 password.

### Change Cartridge

**WARNINGS**

Change cartridges using the procedure described below. Failure to correctly follow this procedure could result in the wrong cartridge being installed, and possibly non-detection of events. Alternatively, extraneous alarms could be triggered by chemicals detected but not of concern at a particular location.

Sensor Cartridges may contain corrosive solutions. Dispose of according to local and national regulations.

This menu item allows the Certified Sensor gas cartridge to be changed under controlled conditions without generating faults or alarms. The process detects the presence or absence of the cartridge.

If a new cartridge type is inserted, the default alarm thresholds are loaded into the Transmitter Unit.

**Note:** If the new cartridge has different parameters to the previous cartridge, these are displayed for the operator to verify.

If a new cartridge of the same type as previously used is inserted, the configured alarm thresholds of the Transmitter Unit are loaded into the new cartridge’s actual parameters.

**Caution:** This only works if the Lowest Allowable Alarm Level (LAL) of the new cartridge is lower than the transmitter’s configured alarm threshold. If it is not, a Fatal Fault error occurs.

This menu uses procedures from Chapter 5 where details about how to physically change the cartridge are provided.
4. OPERATION

**Configure 4-20mA**

Provides the means to configure the values for the 4-20mA signal output settings. Three settings are available:

- **Inhibit**: Value 1mA to 4mA, default is 1mA.
- **Warning**: Value 1mA to 6mA, default is 3mA.
- **Overrange**: Value 20mA to 21.5mA, default is 21mA.

Caution: When compliance with the ATEX performance standard is required the warning and inhibit current shall not be configured to a value between than 3.1mA and 4.9mA.

Once configured to a new value, the new value is output when the corresponding states occur.

When the Warning current is configured to be greater than 4mA the output pulses to the configured Warning current for approximately 1 second every 10 seconds.
4. OPERATION

Configure 4-20mA

Select setting to change

Select value

Select another setting?

Yes

No

Calibration Menu

Use up/down buttons to choose setting from:
Inhibit
Warning
Overrange

Use up/down buttons

ok

ok

ok
4. OPERATION

Configure Relays

This option allows the three Transmitter Unit relays to be configured for the current installation.

Latched relays are cleared by the Display Menu => Reset Alarms, Faults option or by switching the power off and on.

Configure Relays

ok

Configure Relays screen

Select relay to configure

ok

Select relay state

ok

Select another relay?

Yes

ok

No

esc

Configuration Menu

Use up/down buttons to choose setting from:
Fault Relay
Alarm1 Relay
Alarm2 Relay

Use up/down buttons to choose state from:
ND (Normally De-energised) Non-Latching
NE (Normally Energised) Non-Latching
ND Latching
NE Latching

Note: Alarm recovery is below alarm setpoint (25%).

As well as the ability to set the default state of the relay operation (energised or de-energised and latching or non-latching) by this method it is possible to set whether the relay contacts are normally open or normally closed by means of the links on the Transmitter Unit's Interconnect PCB (also see Chapter 3).
4. OPERATION

Fault relay configuration example

**Requirement:** Normally De-energised, Non-Latching with the contact Normally Closed.

**Implementation:** Use the **Configure Relays** menu option to set the **Fault** relay operation requirement. Place the jumper on the J1 link to set the contact operation as follows:

![Fault Relay Configuration Diagram](image)

This circuit diagram shows this.
4. OPERATION

Configure Alarms

Caution: Alarm 2 value can be set below Alarm 1 value.

When installed to measure flammable gas it is essential that either the Transmitter unit or control network is configured to latch the overrange condition. If the Transmitter unit local relays are used this should be achieved by enabling the overrange latching function of the Transmitter unit. Depletion of oxygen as a consequence of displacement by flammable gas can result in the gas reading returning to zero.

Provides the means to configure the point at which the alarms activate and whether overrange latching is required. The range of settings depends on the type of gas cartridge fitted to the Certified Sensor.

When the Transmitter Unit's alarm thresholds are changed, the actual cartridge parameters are updated to reflect the Transmitter Unit's configured values.

The default state for Overrange latching is not latched.

When activated, overrange latching causes the Transmitter Unit to latch the A1 and A2 Alarm relays and the 4-20mA output if an overrange gas condition is detected. Overrange latching only effects alarm relay latching after an overrange condition, not at the A1 and A2 alarm thresholds. Overrange latching only operates in the normal Transmitter Unit active condition, not in Gas Challenge or Gas calibrate conditions.

![Configure Alarms diagram]
4. OPERATION

**Configure Digital**

This menu item displays a screen that reports information about digital communications if a digital communications board is fitted to the Transmitter Unit, e.g. LonWorks. An example of a typical screen is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configure Digital</th>
<th>Configuration Menu</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Network Type</strong></td>
<td>Displays the type of digital network installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Connection Type</strong></td>
<td>Shows the type of transceiver used for digital output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Node Id</strong></td>
<td>Displays the identifier for the Transmitter Unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Node Address</strong></td>
<td>Shows the address of the unit on the digital network, if applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Baud Rate</strong></td>
<td>Displays the current network communications rate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Node S/W Ver</strong></td>
<td>Shows the version of the board software.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The list also provides a choice, **Assert Service Pin**, to bind the Transmitter Unit to the host digital network (see 4.8).

**Caution:** If a Transmitter Unit is replaced, including the LonWorks PCB, the replacement unit must be rebound to the LonWorks network. If the LonWorks PCB is removed from a faulty Transmitter Unit and fitted into a new Transmitter Unit, then the previous binding remains operational.
4. OPERATION

**Select Language**

Provides the means to change the language in which text on the LCD screen is displayed.

- Select Language
  - ok
  - Select language screen
  - Choose language from list
  - ok
  - Configuration Menu

**Configure Backlight**

This option allows the LCD screen backlight to be switched on or off.

- Configure Backlight
  - ok
  - Configure Backlight screen
  - Toggle backlight on or off
  - ok
  - Configuration Menu

**Notes:**

1. The Configure Backlight control is not available on CSA Certified Transmitter Units.

2. The backlit screen is best viewed in a darkened location.
4. OPERATION

4.4.3 Display Menu

The **Display Menu** reports back the current settings for the Transmitter Unit and Certified Sensor, e.g. calibration and configuration setting information.

This menu is protected by a **Level 1** password.

**Reset Alarms, Faults**

---

**WARNING**

**Alarms should not be reset until it is confirmed that gas is not present.**

This option displays a screen that reports the state of each of the Transmitter Unit alarms. These are **Fault Relay, Alarm1 Relay, Alarm2 Relay** and **Overrange**. Each of these can be **Active** or **Inactive**.

It also allows latched alarms and overrange to be reset provided that the conditions responsible for causing them are no longer present.

---

Note: Alarms are **not** reset until the **esc** button is pressed to leave the **Display Menu** and return to the **Main Menu**.
4. OPERATION

**Calibration Info**

This option displays a screen that reports information about the calibration of the Transmitter Unit and Certified Sensor. An example of a typical screen is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calibration Info</th>
<th>Display Menu</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Last Calib: 163</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Next Calib: 4205</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas: PH3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSD: 1200 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calib Interval: 4368</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Predicted Life: 8571</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Last Calib** Displays the time in hours since the last calibration was carried out.
- **Next Calib** Displays the time in hours to the next calibration based on the **calibration interval (Calib Interval)**.
- **Gas** Displays the type of gas cartridge fitted to the Certified Sensor.
- **FSD** Displays the maximum range of measurement.
- **Calib Interval** Displays the calibration interval in hours.
- **Predicted Life** Displays the typical life of the cartridge in hours.

**Current Config**

This option displays 2 screens sequentially that report the current Transmitter Unit and Certified Sensor configuration settings, e.g. alarm settings, relay configurations, etc.

**Initial Screen**

An example of a typical initial screen is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Config</th>
<th>Display Menu</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gas: PH3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSD: 1200 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm1: 0.150 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm2: 0.300 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhibit: 1.2 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning: 3.0 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overrange: 21.0 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Gas** Reports the type of gas cartridge fitted to the Certified Sensor.
- **FSD** Displays the maximum range of gas measurement.
- **Alarm1** Reports the alarm value set for Alarm1.
- **Alarm2** Displays the alarm value set for Alarm2.
- **Inhibit** Reports the value at which the 4-20mA Inhibit alarm is set to activate.
- **Warning** Displays the value at which the 4-20mA Warning alarm is set to activate.
- **Overrange** Reports the value at which the 4-20mA Overrange alarm is set to activate.
4. OPERATION

Second Screen
The second screen is displayed after navigating past the last entry on the initial screen by using the down button. A typical example is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Config</th>
<th>NE/L</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fault Relay:</td>
<td>NE/L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm1 Relay:</td>
<td>NE/NL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm2 Relay:</td>
<td>NE/NL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tx Version:</td>
<td>1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor Version:</td>
<td>1.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fault Relay** Reports the contact configuration (see Note) for the Fault Relay.
**Alarm1 Relay** Displays the contact configuration (see Note) for the Alarm1 Relay.
**Alarm2 Relay** Reports the contact configuration (see Note) for the Alarm2 Relay.
**Tx Version** Displays the current version of the transmitter software.
**Sensor Version** Reports the current version of the Certified Sensor software.

Note:
The abbreviations used on the screen for the contact settings mean the following:
- **ND** Normally De-energised
- **NE** Normally Energised
- **L** Latching
- **NL** Non-Latching

4.4.4 History Log Menu
The History Log Menu enables the recorded log for the unit to be viewed by the operator and also reset, or cleared. The log contains information about events that happen during the life of the Transmitter Unit, e.g. time of last Certified Sensor calibration, time of last alarm, etc.

This menu is protected by a Level 2 password.
4. OPERATION

View History Log

This sub-menu item displays screens that consist of one or more pages of information, each displaying a message, recording the history of the unit since the log was last reset. The most recent event is viewed first.

To navigate through the unit's history use the up/down buttons to view different pages.

Note: Keep the button pressed continuously to quickly scroll through the pages of a large log record.

The top line of the message indicates the current page number and then the total number of pages in the log. An example is 22/45, i.e. 22nd page of 45 pages.

The next line contains the history clock time in hours and minutes since the event occurred. Each time you subsequently view this time therefore it will be different.

To calculate the date/time of a recorded event take the displayed time on screen away from the current date/time.

The next lines contain the text of the log recording the event.

After viewing the page(s) use the esc button to return to the History Log Menu.

Notes:
1. There is a maximum of 64 history entries. The first and subsequent recorded entries are overwritten as the log exceeds this figure.
2. The log time is not incremented when the unit is powered down.

Reset History Log

Caution: Resetting the log removes all recorded data and resets the history clock to zero.

This option is used to clear the current message content of the history log.
4. OPERATION

4.4.5 Change Passwords Menu

The **Change Passwords Menu** allows the system administrator to change the passwords for each of the three levels of access. This menu is protected by a **Level 3** password.
4. OPERATION

Level 1 Password  
Change Passwords Menu

This sub-menu item allows the **Level 1 Password** to be changed.

![Flowchart diagram showing the process of changing a Level 1 Password]

**Level 2 & Level 3 Password  
Change Passwords Menu**

Both these sub-options allow the password to be changed in the same way as for the **Level 1 Password**.

### 4.4.6 Reset Passwords

The **Reset Passwords** option allows the system administrator to reset all the passwords back to the default password supplied when the unit is first delivered, i.e. **ok, up, down and down**. This provides initial access to all of the menus. Access to the **Reset Passwords** option requires a special password that consists of the following sequence of **8** (not 4) control button presses:
# 4. OPERATION

(\textup{up, down, ok, esc, esc, ok, down, up})

## 4.5 USER TASKS

The following table provides a quick reference list of typical tasks and how to carry them out via the menu system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tasks related to:</th>
<th>Sub-Menu</th>
<th>Sub-Menu Option</th>
<th>User Level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-20mA loop</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Inhibit, Warning and Overrange levels</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configure 4-20mA</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero setting</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
<td>4-20mA Set Zero</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test operation</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
<td>Force 4-20mA</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarms</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set overrange latching on or off</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configure Alarms</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set gas alarm levels</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configure Alarms</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset alarms</td>
<td>Display</td>
<td>Reset Alarms</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Checking the unit's settings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration settings</td>
<td>Display</td>
<td>Calibration Information</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration settings</td>
<td>Display</td>
<td>Current Configuration</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Checking the unit's operational history</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View the unit's log</td>
<td>History Log</td>
<td>View History Log</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing the history log</td>
<td>History Log</td>
<td>Reset History Log</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital communications</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View settings</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configure Digital</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register the communications board</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configure Digital</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test operation</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
<td>Force Digital</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Screen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn backlight on/off *</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configure Backlight</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the on-screen display language</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Select Language</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test unit with gas</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
<td>Gas Challenge</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change a gas sensor cartridge</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Change Cartridge</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibrate gas</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
<td>Gas Calibrate</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passwords</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change a password</td>
<td>Change Passwords</td>
<td>Level 1 Password</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Passwords</td>
<td>Change Passwords</td>
<td>Level 2 Password</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Passwords</td>
<td>Change Passwords</td>
<td>Level 3 Password</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset all passwords to default</td>
<td>Reset passwords</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relays</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set-up relay contacts</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Configure Relays</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test relays</td>
<td>Calibration</td>
<td>Force Relays</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The Configure Backlight control is not available on CSA Certified Transmitter Units.*
4. OPERATION

4.6 FAULT DIAGNOSIS

Apex system faults can be those displayed on the Transmitter Unit screen or be of a general type. This section describes:

- **Error messages displayed on the Transmitter Unit LCD screen.**
  
  These are either fault or warning types. They can normally be corrected at the Transmitter Unit or Certified Sensor.

- **Errors that are not diagnosed by the system itself but need some action.**
  
  For example the Certified Sensor reads low when gas is applied. To rectify this fault the control system span needs to be adjusted.

- **Signal ranges and fault conditions on the 4-20mA output.**

- **How to clear latched alarms**

4.6.1 Displayed Error Messages

The error messages on the LCD screen are similar to the following:

![LCD Screen Error Message](image)

Panels flash alternately until fault cleared

The following table lists all the displayed Fault (F) and Warning (W) messages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Message</th>
<th>Cause/Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>W: Sensor Failed</td>
<td>A Certified Sensor fault has developed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F: Sensor Failed</td>
<td>Check the connections between transmitter and Certified Sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Re-calibrate the Certified Sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If fault remains replace the complete Certified Sensor assembly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F: No Cartridge</td>
<td>The Certified Sensor reports there is no cartridge fitted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Check that the cartridge is fitted correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If no cartridge present, fit required cartridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F: Wrong Cartridge</td>
<td>The wrong type of cartridge has been fitted in the Certified Sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Replace the cartridge with correct type for the target gas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F: Cartridge Failed</td>
<td>The cartridge has failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Replace the cartridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W: Temperature Error</td>
<td>The cartridge is being operated at temperatures outside its specified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F: Temperature Error</td>
<td>temperature range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Identify the cause of temperature problem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fit suitable accessories or relocate the Certified Sensor as appropriate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If fault persists replace the Certified Sensor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. OPERATION

| W: End of Cell Life | The cartridge is reaching, or has reached, the end of its useful service life. |
| F: End of Cell Life |
| Warning | replace the cartridge within the next 3 months. |
| Fault | replace the cartridge immediately. |

| W: Calibration Needed | The cartridge requires calibration. |
| F: Calibration Needed | Perform zero and span calibration procedures. |

| FATAL FAULT | A fatal error has occurred. |
| Note the displayed fault code and conditions, and contact the manufacturer for advice. |

| NO SENSOR | The transmitter can not detect the presence of the sensor. |

| Sensor Comms Fail | Sensor incorrectly connected or faulty. |
| Check connections between Certified Sensor and transmitter unit. |
| If connections correct but message remains, replace Certified Sensor. |

4.6.2 General Faults
The following table lists symptoms and causes for general fault diagnosis.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas Reading Symptom</th>
<th>Cause/Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-zero all the time</td>
<td>Gas could be present, ensure that there is no target gas in the atmosphere.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Background or other volatile organic gases that may be present, e.g. solvents, can interfere with the operation of the Certified Sensor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Non-zero when no gas is present | Adjust the system zero. (Calibration Menu => Gas Calibrate). |
| Low when gas is applied | Adjust the system span concentration setting. (Calibration Menu => Gas Calibrate). |
| High when gas is applied | Adjust the system span concentration setting. (Calibration Menu => Gas Calibrate). |
| Zero when gas is applied | Check that the Certified Sensor gas entry is not obstructed. |
| | Check that the sinter and any filter, if fitted, is not blocked. |
| | Replace the cartridge. (Configuration Menu => Change Cartridge). |
4. OPERATION

4.6.3 4-20mA output signal ranges and fault conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Fault Type</th>
<th>Output Signal Level</th>
<th>Fault Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Faults</td>
<td>0 - 0.5mA</td>
<td>Sensor Failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(default is 0.5mA)</td>
<td>No Cartridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wrong Cartridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Cartridge Failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Temperature Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>End of Cell Life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Calibration Needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>No Sensor, Sensor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Comms Fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Fatal Fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warnings</td>
<td>1.0 - 3.5mA</td>
<td>Temperature Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>constant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.0 - 6.0mA</td>
<td>End of Cell Life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>pulsed 1/sec</td>
<td>Calibration Needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(default is 3mA)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over range</td>
<td>20 - 21.5mA</td>
<td>Gas Reading exceeded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warnings</td>
<td>(default is 21mA)</td>
<td>full scale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhibit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Locks relays and outputs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. OPERATION

4.6.4 Clearing latched alarms

![WARNING]

Alarms should not be reset until it is confirmed that gas is not present.

The fault and alarm relays may be set to be latched (see Configuration Menu). So when an alarm message is displayed on the LCD screen it may continue to be displayed even when the fault causing the problem is corrected.

Note: Alarms may not be set to be latched, but because alarm recovery is set 25% below alarm setpoint it could appear that they are for a short while.

To reset a latched alarm carry out the following procedure:

1. Press esc at the Gas Reading display.

   The Main Menu is displayed.

2. Select (highlight) Display Menu from the list.

3. Press ok.

4. When prompted enter the current Level 1 password.

   Obtain the password from the system administrator.

   The Display Menu is shown.

5. Select the Reset Alarms, Faults option.

6. Press ok.

   The Reset Alarms, Faults menu is displayed.
4. OPERATION

The menu displays the state of the fault and alarm relays and the overrange.

(7) Select **Reset Alarms** from the list.

(8) Press **OK**.

The display returns to the **Display Menu**.

**Note**: **Alarms are not reset until the esc button is pressed to leave the Display Menu and return to the Main Menu.**

4.7 SYSTEM CALIBRATION

**Caution**: *The calibration procedure should only be performed by qualified personnel.*

This section describes how to calibrate the gas cartridge fitted to an Apex Certified Sensor. The Transmitter Unit and other system components do not require calibration. This procedure is sometimes referred to as system or sensor calibration.

Cartridge are supplied from the factory fully calibrated for the target gas, re-calibration at commissioning/start-up should not normally be required. However, if operating this product in accordance with EN 60079-29-2, or if local / national regulations require the cartridge to be calibrated this procedure should be followed. This procedure is also applicable if a cartridge requires re-calibration following a warning or fault message, or as part of routine maintenance.

The calibration adjustments are carried out at the Transmitter Unit and gassing is performed at the Certified Sensor (this may be locally or remotely located).

The following equipment is required:

- **Flow Housing accessory (Part No: 2110B2140)** - fitted with rubber seal and supplied with loose hydrophobic filter
- **Test gas**
- **Regulator**

**Note**: **Zero gas and Span gas should be at roughly the same humidity levels to avoid erroneous cell responses.**

A hydrophobic filter is supplied loose with the Flow Housing which **must** be fitted when calibrating sensors with **flammable gas cartridges**.

When calibrating sensors fitted with **other cartridge types** then the filter mounted in the sensor cap for normal gas sensing operation (if one was used) should be fitted to the Flow Housing.
4. OPERATION

(1) At the Certified Sensor remove the cap or accessory.

Rotate the cap/accessory in an anticlockwise direction by 1/4 turn to release the bayonet fitting and pull off.

(2) If calibrating a sensor with a non-flammable gas cartridge remove the filter, if fitted, from the sensor cap/accessory and fit it to the Flow Housing.

If fitted, the filter is held in place in the cap/accessory by its three lugs. Carefully prise the filter free from the lug location points in the cap or accessory.

If calibrating a sensor with a flammable gas cartridge fit the hydrophobic filter supplied with the Flow Housing into the housing.

In either case, to fit a filter into the Flow Housing, first remove the factory-fitted seal from the Flow Housing. The seal is held in place in the housing by its three lugs. Carefully prise the seal free from the lug location points in the housing.

The filter then locates in the Flow Housing in the same way as the removed seal. Ensure that the filter is placed in the Flow Housing the correct way round with the three lugs closest to the front face of the housing (where the gas pipes exit) and correctly engaged in the location points.
4. OPERATION

(3) Fit the Flow Housing onto the Certified Sensor body.

Reverse the cap removal procedure. The following diagram shows the Flow Housing accessory fitted to the Certified Sensor.

(4) Press the esc button at the Transmitter Unit.

*The Main Menu is displayed.*

(5) Navigate to the Calibration Menu option.

*Use the up/down keys.*

(6) Press ok.
4. OPERATION

(7) Enter the current **Level 2** password.

*The Calibration Menu is displayed.*

(8) Navigate to the **Gas Calibrate** option.

*Use the up/down keys.*

(9) Press **ok**.

*The Zero Calibration screen is displayed with the message:*

**Zero Gas then <OK>**

(10) Ensure there is no gas present on the Certified Sensor.

*If gas is suspected to be in the vicinity of the sensor either check the area using a calibrated portable gas sensing device, e.g. Honeywell Analytic's Impact, or flow clean air over the Certified Sensor using the Flow Housing accessory.*

(11) Press **ok**.

*The Transmitter Unit zeros the sensor. The LCD screen displays the message:*

**Calibrating - Wait**

*When successfully completed the LCD screen shows the message:*

**Success! OK:Continue**

(12) Press **ok**.

*The Span Calibration screen is displayed with the message:*

**Calibrate? OK/ESC**

*This gives the choice to stop the calibration procedure at this point (after zero calibration) or continue to include the span and full gas calibration.*

(13) Press **ok** to continue with **Span Calibration**.

*To skip the span calibration process, press the esc key.*

**Note:** At this point, depending on the type of gas cartridge fitted to the sensor, a choice of two calibration gases may be displayed, e.g. C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub> has the options C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> as choices. If so choose the one that will be used for calibration and press **ok**. Otherwise the process continues at the following step.

(14) Set the required test gas **Span Conc.** value.

*Use the up/down keys.*
4. OPERATION

(15) Press ok.  

_The LCD screen displays the message:_  

_Apply Gas then <OK>_  

(16) Connect the Flow Housing (using either gas pipe) to the regulated cylinder containing a known concentration of the target gas at approximately the sensor alarm point, e.g. 50% LEL Methane in air.  

_It is recommended for most sticky gases the tubing should be PTFE with short pieces of rubber tube to make the final connection due to the inflexibility of PTFE. This minimises adhesion of the gas to the tube surface and allows for more accurate measurement._

**WARNING**  
As some test gases may be hazardous, the Flow Housing outlet should exhaust to a safe area.

(17) Apply the target gas to the Certified Sensor.  

.Pass the gas through the flow housing at a rate of between 0.7l/m and 1.0l/m. Wait for the gas reading to stabilise before continuing

_Note:_ Certified Sensors should be calibrated at concentrations representative of those to be measured. It is always recommended that the Certified Sensor is calibrated with the target gas it is to detect.  

_Caution:_ Where the user calibrates any Certified Sensor using a different gas, responsibility for identifying and recording calibration rests with the user. Refer to the local regulations where appropriate.

(18) Press ok.  

_The LCD screen displays the message:_  

_Calibrating - Wait_  

(19) When calibration is successfully completed the message is displayed:  

_Success! OK:Continue_  

_Ensure that the sensor and the vicinity around it is clear all traces of the calibration gas before continuing. This is to avoid triggering spurious alarms._  

_If calibration fails at any point discard the cartridge and replace with a new one (see Chapter 5)._  

(20) Press ok.  

_The Calibration Menu is displayed._  

(21) Press the esc button twice.  

_The Main Menu and then the Gas Reading screen is displayed._  

(22) Remove the test equipment, refit the sensor cap to the sensor (with reinstalled filter if previously removed for the test) and return the system to normal operation (see 4.2).
4. OPERATION

4.8 BINDING COMMUNICATION BOARDS TO NETWORKS

This section describes how to carry out the configuration procedure necessary to bind a LonWorks Communications Board to the digital network. As the board forms part of the Transmitter Unit the component becomes a node on the network.

The procedure is necessary after fitting a LonWorks Communications Board to an Apex Transmitter Unit and connecting the digital network wiring (also see Chapter 3).

(1) Power-up the Transmitter Unit.

(2) Check that the Transmitter Unit completes its start-up sequence successfully.
   *The Gas Reading should be displayed. Refer to 4.6 if an error message is displayed.*

(3) Press the esc button on the front panel.
   *The Main Menu is displayed.*

(4) Select the Configuration Menu option.
   *Use the up/down keys.*

(5) Press the enter button.

(6) Enter the current Level 2 password.
   *The Configuration Menu is displayed.*

(7) Select the Configure Digital option.

(8) Press the enter button.
   *The Configure Digital menu is shown displaying information similar to the following.*

   **Configure Digital**
   - Network Type: LonWorks
   - Connection Type: FTT-10
   - Node Id: 00A176094800
   - Node Address: N/A
   - Baud Rate: 78.0kbit/s
   - Node S/W Ver: 1.0
   - Assert Service Pin

   For a full explanation of the information see the Configure Digital menu option described earlier in this chapter.
4. OPERATION

(9) Select the **Assert Service PIN** option.
   
   *Use the up/down keys.*

(10) Press the **enter** button.

   *This binds the node to the network controller.*

   *The display automatically returns to the Configuration Menu.*

(11) Press the **esc** button twice

   *This returns to the Gas Reading display via the Main Menu.*
5. MAINTENANCE

The Apex system requires some routine maintenance.

This section provides information about the following:

- Schedule for routine maintenance
- Procedures for routine maintenance/parts replacement

5.1 ROUTINE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

The following table lists the recommended Apex system maintenance tasks and their frequency.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sensor Type</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Maintenance Action</th>
<th>Equipment Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All models</td>
<td>On overrange gas alarm</td>
<td>Calibrate the system (see Chapter 4). Replace the sensor cartridge if necessary.</td>
<td>Test gas, regulator, flow housing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All models</td>
<td>On suspected exposure to contaminating gases</td>
<td>Calibrate the system (see Chapter 4). Replace the sensor cartridge if necessary.</td>
<td>Test gas, regulator, flow housing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All models</td>
<td>3 monthly</td>
<td>Check the filters/cartridge face for cleanliness. Replace if required.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All models</td>
<td>6 monthly</td>
<td>Calibrate the system (see Chapter 4).</td>
<td>Test gas, regulator, flow housing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cl2, O2, and NH3</td>
<td>Annually</td>
<td>Replace the sensor cartridge if required.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H2S, CO</td>
<td>2 yearly</td>
<td>Replace the sensor cartridge if required.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: No routine calibration is required for the Transmitter Unit or Certified Sensor electronics. Only the cartridge can be re-calibrated. This procedure is also sometimes referred to as system or sensor calibration.
5. MAINTENANCE

5.2 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES / PARTS REPLACEMENT

The following sections describe how to carry out the tasks listed in the maintenance schedule and how to replace parts suggested by Fault Diagnosis in Chapter 4. It tells how to change the following items:

- Certified Sensor Filter
- Certified Sensor Cartridge
- Certified Sensor
- Transmitter Unit Front Panel Assembly
- CSA Transmitter Unit User Interface Cover Assembly

5.2.1 Changing the Certified Sensor Filter

The Certified Sensor filter is located in the sensor cap or accessory attached to the end of the sensor body. This procedure allows the filter to be safely changed with the unit powered-up.

**Note:** Before starting the procedure check that the new filter is the correct type for the application. Three filter types are available: Mesh, Hydrophobic and Carbon (see Chapter 2 and Appendix C).

To replace the filter carry out the following procedure:

1. Remove the Certified Sensor cap or accessory from the sensor body.
   
   Rotate the cap or accessory in an anticlockwise direction by 1/4 turn to release the bayonet fitting and pull off.

2. Remove the existing filter.
   
   The filter is held in place in the cap by its three lugs. Carefully prise the filter free from the lug location points in the cap or accessory.
5. MAINTENANCE

(3) Insert a new filter.

Ensure that the filter is correctly placed in the cap the correct way round with the three lugs closest to the front face of the cap or accessory and correctly engaged in the location points.

(4) Refit the cap or accessory.

Reverse the removal procedure.

5.2.2 Changing the Certified Sensor Cartridge

WARNINGS

Change cartridges using the procedure described below. Failure to correctly follow this procedure could result in the wrong cartridge being installed, and possibly non-detection of events. Alternatively, extraneous alarms could be triggered by chemicals detected but not of concern at a particular location.

Sensor Cartridges may contain corrosive solutions. Dispose of according to local and national regulations.

The Certified Sensor cartridge is located in the sensor body and protected by the cap or accessory. This procedure allows the cartridge to be safely changed with the unit powered-up.

Each cartridge is provided with a certificate of calibration (printed on the reverse of the instruction sheet, Part No: 2110M8015, supplied with the cartridge) that guarantees that the cartridge is calibrated and ready for use.

Before installing a cartridge check that the number on the cartridge label matches the gas type and range for the function required. A list of cartridges is given in Appendix A.

To replace a cartridge carry out the following procedure:

(1) Press esc at the Gas Reading display.

The Main Menu is displayed.

(2) Select Configuration Menu from the list.

(3) Press ok.

(4) Enter the current Level 2 password.

For information about passwords see Chapter 4.

The Configuration Menu is displayed.
5. MAINTENANCE

(5) Select **Change Cartridge** from the menu list.

(6) Press **ok**.

*The Change Cartridge screen is displayed.*

(7) Remove the Certified Sensor cap or accessory from the sensor body.  
*Rotate the cap or accessory 1/4 turn in an anticlockwise direction to release the bayonet fitting.*

(8) Remove the existing cartridge.  
*The cartridge plugs into two sockets in the Certified Sensor body and is located by means of a tab.*  
*To remove the cartridge without damaging it, grasp the visible part of the cartridge and pull it firmly straight out of the sensor body without twisting. Slight resistance is initially felt as the cartridge is pulled out of the electrical sockets.*
5. MAINTENANCE

Notes:

1. If replacing an Oxygen cartridge with another Oxygen cartridge ensure that the Oxygen Transducer Adaptor is left in place on the Certified Sensor body.

2. If replacing an Oxygen cartridge with a different type of cartridge ensure that the Oxygen Transducer Adaptor is removed from the sensor body.

3. If replacing a standard cartridge with an Oxygen cartridge ensure that the Oxygen Transducer Adaptor supplied with the Oxygen cartridge is fitted to the Certified Sensor body. The adaptor is fitted to the sensor body via a bayonet fitting.

The Change Cartridge screen now displays the following message.

| Change Cartridge | Change Cartridge Now | Cartridge: Not Present |

(9) Fit the replacement cartridge.

Caution: Only cartridges with the following part numbers can be fitted to the Certified Sensor:

- 2110B30x0, 31x0, 32x0, 33x0, 34x0, 35x0 series
- 2110B3700 - 2110B3999 range

Notes:

1. Certified to CSA 22.2 No. 152 only when fitted with specific cartridges. See Specifications for details.

   Carefully plug the cartridge into the Certified Sensor body ensuring that the cartridge tab lines up with the recess in the sensor body and push the cartridge, without twisting, until it is fully home.

   If the cartridge will not push fully home, re-check that the locating tab is correctly aligned with the recess in the sensor body. Position the tab so it is resting on the tab recess wall to the right or left of the tab recess and then turn the cartridge until the tab drops into the recess.

Caution: Do not force the cartridge as this may cause damage to the pins of the connecting plugs. Twisting and pushing can bend the pins and make the cartridge inoperative.
5. MAINTENANCE

(10) Press **ok**.

_The Change Cartridge screen now displays the following message._

```
Change Cartridge
Working
Please Wait
```

This screen is displayed while the cartridge is checked by the Transmitter Unit.

When the checks are completed successfully the following type of information about the new cartridge is displayed on the screen.

```
Change Cartridge
New Cartridge Type
Gas:  HF
FSO:  12.00 ppm
Alarm1:  1.50 ppm
Alarm2:  3.00 ppm
```

Check that the information displayed corresponds to the type of replacement cartridge fitted.

(11) Press **ok**.

_The Change Cartridge screen now displays the following message._

```
Change Cartridge
Success!  OK: Continue
```

(12) Press **ok**.

_The screen display returns to the Configuration Menu._

(13) Press **esc** twice.

_The screen returns to the Gas Reading display._
5. MAINTENANCE

(14) Refit the cap or accessory to the Certified Sensor.

*Reverse the removal procedure.*

(15) Check that the system is working correctly.

*Use the Calibration Menu => Gas Challenge menu option to check correct operation of the unit in the presence of the gas being sensed without triggering alarms, etc. (see Chapter 4).*

*Apply gas using a gas test module.*

(16) Return the system to normal operation.

5.2.3 Changing the Certified Sensor

The Certified Sensor may be mounted in a Transmitter Unit or remotely in a Certified Junction Box. When replacing certified components also refer to the Control Drawings (see Appendix B).

To replace a Certified Sensor fitted to a Transmitter Unit or a Certified Junction Box carry out the following procedure:

**Caution:** Ensure that the Transmitter Unit/Certified Junction Box flamepath is not damaged during this procedure. The flamepath is formed by the mating surfaces of the Transmitter Unit/Certified Junction Box top and base (see the component diagrams in Chapter 3).

(1) Isolate all associated power supplies and ensure that they remain **OFF** during this procedure. Ensure a gas free atmosphere.

(2) Detach the Transmitter Unit or Certified Junction Box top.

*Unscrew the three captive M8 hexagon key bolts underneath the base. Lift the top clear. For the Transmitter Unit only lift the top clear of the locating pins.*
5. MAINTENANCE

Caution: For the Transmitter Unit only take care not to damage or strain the ribbon cable connecting the lid and the Interconnect PCB in the base of the unit.

(3) For the Transmitter Unit support the top and ensure that it is supported whilst the next two steps are carried out.

For the Certified Junction Box let the metal retaining cable, attaching the base and the top, hold the top, then go to Step (7).

(4) Unlatch the ribbon cable Zero Insertion Force (ZIF) connector on the Transmitter Unit Interconnect PCB.

Grip the ends of the ZIF and pull it vertically upwards until it is felt to stop and the ribbon cable is loose. Refer to the Transmitter Unit installation component diagrams in Chapter 3.

(5) Pull the ribbon cable clear.

(6) Remove the support from the Transmitter Unit top.

Let the metal retaining cable, attaching the base and the top, hold the top.

(7) Disconnect the Certified Sensor wiring.

Remove the wiring from the terminal blocks on the Interconnect PCB in the base of the Transmitter Unit or Certified Junction Box.

Record the location of the sensor wiring in the terminal blocks.

(8) Unscrew the Certified Sensor from its mounting point.
5. MAINTENANCE

The sensor unscrews in an anticlockwise direction. Feed the connecting cable out through the mounting point.

(9) Feed the cable from the replacement Certified Sensor in through the sensor mounting point.

(10) Fit the replacement Certified Sensor.

Screw the threaded end of the replacement Certified Sensor firmly into the mounting point until it is fully home.

(11) Cut the sensor cable to the required length.

(12) Connect the sensor wiring to the terminals.

Refer to the wiring notes recorded in step 3 and to the diagram and wiring tables in Chapter 3.

(13) Refit the top to the Transmitter Unit or Certified Junction Box base.

Cautions:

1. Ensure that there is no moisture inside the unit before fitting the lid.

2. Use only the captive bolts supplied, replacement with alternative bolts will invalidate certification.

3. For the Transmitter Unit take care not to damage or strain the ribbon cable connecting the lid and the base.

   The Transmitter Unit top should be aligned using the locating pins on the base and then lowered onto the base. The Junction Box base does not have the locating pins.

   Ensure that the lid retaining cable and/or wiring are not trapped and the O-ring in the top is correctly located. Check that there is no discernible gap between the top and the base.

   Tighten the captive M8 bolts to 5Nm (3.68 foot-pounds).

Note: If the replacement sensor is to be fitted with the original gas sensing cartridge, then remove the cartridge from the replaced sensor and fit it to the new one following similar procedures to those in the sub-section 5.2.2.

(14) Switch on all associated power supplies.

(15) Check that the system is working correctly.

   Use the Calibration Menu => Gas Challenge menu option to check correct operation of the unit in the presence of the gas being sensed without triggering alarms, etc. (see Chapter 4).

   Apply gas using a gas test module.

(16) Return the system to normal operation.

See Chapter 4.
5. MAINTENANCE

5.2.4 Changing the Transmitter Unit Front Panel Assembly

This assembly may need to be replaced if the screen becomes damaged or the display and buttons do not operate correctly. One of the following two types of Front Panel Assembly may be fitted depending on the Transmitter Unit version:

- CSA Transmitter Unit Front Panel Assembly 2110B2825
- All other versions 2110B2820

The assembly is attached to the top of the Transmitter Unit by two screws.

To replace the assembly carry out the following procedure.

1. Isolate all associated power supplies and ensure that they remain OFF during this procedure. Ensure a gas free atmosphere.

2. Unscrew the two Front Panel Assembly retaining screws.

   *Use a hex-key tool to loosen the captive M4 screws.*

3. Pull the Front Panel Assembly forward away from the top.

   *Temporarily refit the M4 hex-key tool to one of the retaining screws and gently lever the assembly out of the recess in the top.*

4. Discard the removed Front Panel Assembly.

5. Place the replacement assembly into the recess in the top of the Transmitter Unit.

6. Secure the two retaining screws.

   *Tighten to 2.0Nm.*

7. Switch on all associated power supplies.

8. Check that the system is working correctly.

   *Ensure that the LCD screen is displaying a valid Gas Reading (see Chapter 4). Carry out a short random check of the menu system to ensure the front panel buttons are working correctly and the Transmitter Unit is responding and the LCD Screen is showing the correct information.*

9. Return the system to normal operation.

   *See Chapter 4.*
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

This section of the handbook provides specification information about the following components:

- Transmitter Unit
- Certified Sensor
- Cartridges
- Accessories
- LonWorks Communication Board

A.1 TRANSMITTER UNIT AND SENSOR

The Apex Transmitter Unit is designed to operate with the Certified Sensors specified in the tables later in this section. The Certified Sensors are designed so that they all have a common electrical interface to the Transmitters Unit. The cartridge data is digitised and processed into a gas reading by the Certified Sensor. The decision on whether gas alarms are present is also made within the Certified Sensor.

A.1.1 Gases and Ranges

The Transmitter Unit with Certified Sensor can be fitted with any of the cartridges listed in the tables in section A.2.

A.1.2 Input/Output

Power supply: +24VDC nominal (18-32V). Total power supply loop resistance should be less than 30 ohms with ECC cartridge, 16 ohms with Catalytic cartridge.

Power consumption: Relays active - 3.6W ECC cartridge, 5.6W Catalytic cartridge.

Relays: Three relays: A1, A2 and Fault.
Contact rating: 100mA (min), 2A (max) at 30Vdc non-inductive except UL/CSA where specification is +28VDC 1A.

Single pole change-over type connected to two terminals:
- one terminal connected to the relay common
- one terminal connected via a user configurable link to either the relay contact normally open or normally closed.

Relays are user configurable to be normally energised or normally de-energised.

Relays are user configurable to be latching or non-latching. Latched relays can be reset by the keypad, by the digital communications link (optional) or by the removal of power.
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default settings</th>
<th>A1</th>
<th>A2</th>
<th>Fault</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default coil state</td>
<td>de-energised</td>
<td>de-energised</td>
<td>energised</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default latch state</td>
<td>non-latching</td>
<td>non-latching</td>
<td>non-latching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default terminal</td>
<td>normally open</td>
<td>normally open</td>
<td>normally open</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Digital I/O standards: Optional. LonWorks

Display:

LCD.

Information displayed:
- gas reading, state (OK, fault, inhibit, warning, A1, A2, Overrange),
- fault/warning codes,
- Certified Sensor type and diagnostic data.

Display language: Default language: English.
The user can select German.

Keypad/user I/O:

Four keys (escape, up, down, ok) for calibration, configuration, relay de-latching, display of status information, acceptance of new Certified Sensor types, basic testing of output functions (digital bus test, 4-20mA test).

4-20mA output:

3-wire sink or source, 4-wire, isolated. Range 0-22mA. Zero point adjustable in the range 4mA ± 0.5mA (default 4mA). Upper current limited to 22mA. Loop resistance 0-300 ohms (with a 24V loop supply).

Fault:

0mA nominal (0-0.5mA)

Inhibit:

1mA default (user configurable 1-4mA)

Warning:

User selectable. Either a fixed level (3mA default, user configurable between 1-4mA), a pulsed current or disabled.

When the unit is in the warning state a gas reading can still be calculated.

If the value of this increases beyond 50% of the first alarm level the 4-20mA output reverts to indicating the gas reading.

If subsequently the reading decreases below 25% of the first alarm level the 4-20mA reverts to indicating the warning state.

Over Range:

21mA

Caution: When compliance with the ATEX performance standard is required the warning and inhibit current shall not be configured to a value between than 3.1mA and 4.9mA.

Note: For Oxygen sensors, the output is arranged so that 4mA corresponds to 0% V/V, and 20mA corresponds to 25% V/V.

The overrange state can be configured as either latching or non-latching. The default is non-latching.

Terminal sizes:

Field wiring terminals accept 2.5mm² conductors.
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

A.1.3 Monitoring functions
Maintains a record of power ups in the Transmitter Unit.
Maintains a time-stamped record of faults, warnings and alarms in the Transmitter Unit (history log).

A.1.4 Performance
Transmitter Unit and Certified Sensor without cartridge.
Accuracy: ± 1% FSD -25 to 55°C (-13 to 131°F)
Baseline drift: ± 0.5% FSD over three months
Span drift: ± 0.5% FSD over three months
Baseline vs temperature: ± 1% FSD -40 to 65°C (-40 to 149°F)
Span vs temp: ± 1% FSD -25 to 55°C (-13 to 131°F)
Speed of response: <0.5s between a step input and a corresponding change in the output.

Digital electronics and software meet the requirements of EN50271:2002, Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases or oxygen – Requirements and tests for apparatus using software and/or digital technologies.

Note: For performance specification of complete Apex transmitter + Sensor + Cartridge refer to section A.2 or data sheet for cartridge

A.1.5 Environmental
Operating temperature: -40 to 65°C (-40 to 149°F)
User Interface: -20 to 65°C (-4 to 149°F)
Operating humidity: 0-99%rh

A.1.6 Storage (excluding cartridge)
Temperature: -40 to 65°C (-40 to 149°F)
Humidity: 0-99%rh

A.1.7 EMC
Meets the requirements of EN 50270 (type 2 apparatus), EMC - Electrical Apparatus for the Detection and Measurement of Combustible Gases, Toxic Gases or Oxygen.
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

A.1.8 Enclosure

Physical: The Transmitter Unit has:

One threaded hole in the base for mounting the Certified Sensor - M20 (European) or 3/4" NPT (North American versions)

Two threaded holes in the base to accept two certified M25 cable glands (European) or two 3/4" NPT conduit fittings (North American versions).

Provision is made to attach a tag carrying an ID number.

The enclosure materials for Apex are electro-polished grade 316 stainless steel (to BS3146 ANC 4B FM/BS3146 ANC 4C FM) and Zinc Alloy.

Size: 140mm wide x 150mm high x 152mm deep.

Weight: 4000gm.

Mountings: Provision for two M10 bolts, centres 68mm apart.

Ingress Protection: IP67 to BS EN 60529:1992, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code).

A.1.9 Configuration

The Transmitter Unit can be configured during installation and operation to accept any of the Certified Sensors it is compatible with (see the gas/cartridge tables in section A.2).

A.1.10 Certification and Approvals

Hazardous Area Certifications

Transmitter Unit:

ATEX: 

\begin{array}{c}
\text{Ex II 2 G D Ex d ia IIC Ex tD A21 IP67} \\
\text{T135°C (Tamb -40 to +80°C)} \\
\text{T100°C (Tamb -40 to +55°C)} \\
\text{Baseefa08ATEX02523}
\end{array}

UL: Approvals by UL

Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D

Operating temperature codes:

T4 (Tamb -40 to +80°C)
T5 (Tamb -40 to +55°C)

CSA: Approvals by CSA

Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D

T4 (Tamb -40 to +75°C)
T5 (Tamb -40 to +55°C)

Transmitter Unit Certified to *CSA C22.2 No. 152* only when Certified Sensor is fitted with specific cartridges. See A.2 Cartridges, Flammable SG16 - US/Rest of the world version (page 108).
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

Certified Sensor:

ATEX:  

\[ \text{II 2 G D Ex d ia IIIC Ex tD A21 IP67} \]

Operating temperature codes:

- T135°C (Tamb -40 to +80°C)
- T100°C (Tamb -40 to +55°C)

Certification Number: Baseefa08ATEX0254X

UL:

Approvals by UL

- Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D
- Operating temperature codes:
  - T4 (Tamb -40 to +80°C)
  - T5 (Tamb -40 to +55°C)

CSA:

Approvals by CSA

- Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D
- T4 (Tamb -40 to +75°C)
- T5 (Tamb -40 to +55°C)

Certified Sensor approved to **CSA C22.2 No. 152** only when fitted with specific cartridges. See A.2 Cartridges, Flammable SG16 - US/Rest of the world version (page 108).

CE Marking

- Complies with EN 50270, EMC - Electrical Apparatus for the Detection and Measurement of Combustible Gases, Toxic Gases or Oxygen
- Complies with EU directive 94/9/EC (ATEX) for use in Hazardous Areas.
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

A.1.11 Calibration intervals
Cartridge dependent. There is no routine calibration of the Transmitter Unit or Certified Sensor electronics.

A.2 CARTRIDGES
The Certified Sensor can be fitted with any one of a number of interchangeable cartridges. Each replaceable cartridge contains a gas sensing transducer and its calibration/manufacturing information. It is possible to replace the cartridge without removing the power from the Certified Sensor, even in hazardous environments.

Three types of cartridge are available:

- electrochemical cell
- catalytic (SG16 type)
- Oxygen
## APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

### A.2.1 Cartridge tables

This section provides a summary list of the cartridges that can be fitted to the Certified Sensor.

**Notes:**

1. Consult Honeywell Analytics for cartridge availability.
2. For cartridge specifications see the data sheet supplied with each cartridge.

#### Toxic - Electrochemical cell

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Part No:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>50ppm</td>
<td>2110B3320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>400ppm</td>
<td>2110B3340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>1000ppm (-20°C min temp)</td>
<td>2110B3350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>50ppm (-20°C min temp)</td>
<td>2110B3357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>100ppm (-20°C min temp)</td>
<td>2110B3540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>400ppm (-20°C min temp)</td>
<td>2110B3550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia</td>
<td>1000ppm (-20°C min temp)</td>
<td>2110B3560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boron trichloride</td>
<td>6ppm</td>
<td>2110B3020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bromine</td>
<td>0.4ppm</td>
<td>2110B3040</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon monoxide</td>
<td>100ppm</td>
<td>2110B3140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon monoxide</td>
<td>200ppm</td>
<td>2110B3150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon monoxide</td>
<td>500ppm</td>
<td>2110B3160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorine</td>
<td>2ppm</td>
<td>2110B3090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorine</td>
<td>5ppm</td>
<td>2110B3100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorine</td>
<td>15ppm</td>
<td>2110B3110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorine dioxide</td>
<td>0.4ppm</td>
<td>2110B3130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dichlorosilane</td>
<td>10ppm</td>
<td>2110B3430</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene oxide</td>
<td>25ppm</td>
<td>2110B3052</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluorine</td>
<td>4ppm</td>
<td>2110B3200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germane</td>
<td>0.8ppm</td>
<td>2110B3210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen</td>
<td>1000ppm</td>
<td>2110B3220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen bromide</td>
<td>12ppm</td>
<td>2110B3270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen chloride</td>
<td>20ppm</td>
<td>2110B3280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen cyanide</td>
<td>20ppm</td>
<td>2110B3290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen fluoride</td>
<td>12ppm</td>
<td>2110B3300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen sulfide</td>
<td>15ppm</td>
<td>2110B3350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen selenide</td>
<td>0.2ppm</td>
<td>2110B3260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen sulfide</td>
<td>20ppm</td>
<td>2110B3230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen sulfide</td>
<td>50ppm</td>
<td>2110B3240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen sulfide</td>
<td>100ppm</td>
<td>2110B3250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitric oxide (NO)</td>
<td>100ppm</td>
<td>2110B3360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen dioxide</td>
<td>12ppm</td>
<td>2110B3370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxygen</td>
<td>21% V/V</td>
<td>2110B3380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phosphine</td>
<td>1.2ppm</td>
<td>2110B3400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene Oxide</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>2110B3072</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Part No:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Silane</td>
<td>2ppm</td>
<td>2110B3490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silane</td>
<td>20ppm</td>
<td>2110B3440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur dioxide</td>
<td>8ppm</td>
<td>2110B3460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur dioxide</td>
<td>10ppm</td>
<td>2110B3580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur dioxide</td>
<td>15ppm</td>
<td>2110B3470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur dioxide</td>
<td>50ppm</td>
<td>2110B3520</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Flammable - Catalytic SG16 - European version**

Calibrated to the %LEL levels required by EN 61779

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Part No:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1* (see note)</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2* (see note)</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3* (see note)</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4* (see note)</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5*</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6*</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3915</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7*</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8*</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3702</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene (see note)</td>
<td>10% LEL</td>
<td>2110B3787</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3708</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3707</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LPG</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3705</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methane</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propene</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3703</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Cartridge must be used with Apex revised Certified Sensor Part Nos:

- ATEX 2110B2070
- UL 2110B2073
- CSA 2110B2074

**Flammable - Catalytic SG16 - US/Rest of the world version**
Calibrated to the %LEL levels specified by CSA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Part No:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 ^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3931</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3932</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 ^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3933</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 ^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 ^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 ^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3936</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 ^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3758</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3757</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methane^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3754</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propane^2</td>
<td>100%LEL</td>
<td>2110B3751</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

^2 Evaluated to CSA C22.2 No.152.

Note: Cartridge must be used with Apex revised Certified Sensor Part Nos:

- ATEX 2110B2070
- UL 2110B2073
- CSA 2110B2074
A.2.2 Catalytic SG16 cartridges, Methane and Propane

Range:
2110B3701 - Propane, 0 to 100%LEL. (100%LEL eq. 1.7%V/V)
2110B3704 - Methane, 0 to 100%LEL. (100%LEL eq. 4.4%V/V)

Operating Temperature Range:
-40 to +65°C

Temperature Effects:
2110B3704 – Methane, Better than +/-5% LEL
2110B3701 – Propane, +/-6% LEL

Humidity Effects:
5%rH to 90%rH (99%rH
Intermittent – non-condensing.)

Operating Pressure Range:
80kPa to 110kPa

Pressure Effects:
Better than +/-5% LEL.

Warm-up Time:
30s (typical). 900s (worst case).

Response Time:
2110B3701 – Propane, T<sub>50</sub> 8s, T<sub>90</sub> 17s. (typical)
2110B3704 – Methane, T<sub>50</sub> 6s, T<sub>90</sub> 11s. (typical)

(When fitted with standard sensor cap and no filter.)

Linearity:
Better than +/-5% LEL or +/-10% reading, whichever is the greater.

Accuracy/Repeatability:
Better than +/-3% LEL

Stability with Time (3 months):
2110B3704 – Methane,
Better than +/-5% LEL
2110B3701 – Propane, +/-6% LEL

Permitted Accessories:
Standard sensor cap, plus either,
no filter of Mesh filter.

Weather housing, plus either, no filter,
Mesh filter, or Hydrophobic filter.

(Response Time will be increased when using the Weather Housing and either the Mesh or Hydrophobic Filters)

Collecting Cone, plus either, no filter or
Mesh filter.

Sun Shade
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

Calibration Gas Concentration: 25%LEL to 105%LEL
Alarm Threshold Limits: 15%LEL to 100%LEL (Alarm 1 and Alarm 2)
Poisoning: The cartridge may become inactive after extensive exposure to silicones, halogenated hydrocarbons, heavy metals or sulfur compounds.
Oxygen Deficiency: Deletion of Oxygen as a consequence of displacement by flammable gas can result in the gas reading returning to zero.
Storage Conditions: 0 to 25 °C
30% to 70% rH
80kPa to 110kPa

This sub-section provides the specifications for each of the accessories available for Apex.

A.3.1 Certified Junction Box

The Certified Junction Box provides a remote mounting point for the sensor. It is designed to operate with the sensor cartridges specified in the tables in this section.

Environmental
Operating temperature: -40 to 65°C (-40 to 149°F)
Operating humidity: 0-99%rh

Storage (excluding cartridge)
Temperature: -40 to 65°C (-40 to 149°F)
Humidity: 0-99%rh

EMC
Meets the requirements of EN 50270 (type 2 apparatus), EMC - Electrical Apparatus for the Detection and Measurement of Combustible Gases, Toxic Gases or Oxygen.

Enclosure
Physical: The Certified Junction Box has:
One threaded hole in the base for mounting the Certified Sensor - M20 (European) or 1” NPT (North American versions)
Two threaded holes in the base to accept two certified M25 cable glands (European) or two 1” NPT conduit fittings (North American versions).
Provision is made to attach a tag carrying an ID number.
The enclosure material for the Certified Junction Box is electro-polished grade 316 stainless steel (to BS3146 ANC 4B FM/BS3146 ANC 4C FM).
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

Size: 140mm wide x 95mm high x 152mm deep.
Weight: 3000gm.
Mountings: Provision for two M10 bolts, centres 68mm apart.

Configuration
The Certified Junction Box can be configured during installation and operation to accept any of the Certified Sensors it is compatible with (see the gas/cartridge tables in section A.2).

Certification and Approvals

Hazardous Area Certifications

ATEX: Approvals by Baseefa

Ex II 2 G D Ex d IIC Ex tD A21 IP67
T100°C (Tamb -40 to +55°C)
T135°C (Tamb -40 to +80°C)

Certification Number: Baseefa08ATEX0253

UL: Approvals by UL

Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D
T4°C (Tamb -40 to +80°C)
T5°C (Tamb -40 to +55°C)

CSA: Approvals by CSA

Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D
T4°C (Tamb -40 to +75°C)
T5°C (Tamb -40 to +55°C)

Junction Box certified to CSA 22.2 No. 152 only when certified sensor is fitted with specific cartridges. See A.2 Cartridges, Flammable SG16 - US/Rest of the world version (page 108)

CE Marking
Complies with EU directives 2004/108/EC (Electromagnetic Compatibility).
Complies with EN 50270, EMC - Electrical Apparatus for the Detection and Measurement of Combustible Gases, Toxic Gases or Oxygen
Complies with EU directive 94/9/EC (ATEX) for use in Hazardous Areas.
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

A.3.2 Sunshade
Material: Loaded stainless steel.
Size: 145mm high x 115mm wide.
Weight: 110gm.
Conforms to CSA 22.2 No.152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for detail.

A.3.3 Flow Housing
Material: Fortron® : PPS (modified Polyphenylene sulphide)
Size: 43mm high x 53mm diameter.
Weight: 26gm.
Conforms to CSA 22.2 No. 152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for detail.

A.3.4 Weather Protection
Material: Fortron® : PPS (modified Polyphenylene sulphide)
Size: 75mm high x 53mm diameter.
Weight: 60gm.
Conforms to CSA 22.2 No. 152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for detail.

A.3.5 Collecting Cone
Material: Fortron® : PPS (modified Polyphenylene sulphide)
Size: 127mm high x 160mm wide.
Weight: 120gm.
Conforms to CSA 22.2 No. 152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for detail.

A.3.6 Oxygen Transducer Adaptor
Material: Fortron® : PPS (modified Polyphenylene sulphide)
Weight: 110gm.
Conforms to CSA 22.2 No.152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for detail.
**APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS**

**A.3.3 Flow Housing**
Material: Fortron® : PPS (modified Polyphenylene sulphide)
Size: 43mm high x 53mm diameter.
Weight: 26gm.
Conforms to CSA 22.2 No. 152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for detail.

**A.3.4 Weather Protection**
Material: Fortron® : PPS (modified Polyphenylene sulphide)
Size: 75mm high x 53mm diameter.
Weight: 60gm.
Conforms to CSA 22.2 No. 152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for detail.

**A.3.5 Collecting Cone**
Material: Fortron® : PPS (modified Polyphenylene sulphide)
Size: 127mm high x 160mm wide.
Weight: 120gm.
Conforms to CSA 22.2 No. 152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with specific cartridges installed. See specifications for detail.

**A.3.6 Oxygen Transducer Adaptor**
Material: Fortron® : PPS (modified Polyphenylene sulphide)
Size: 18mm high x 53mm diameter.
Weight: 8gm.
A.4 LONWORKS COMMUNICATIONS BOARD

When fitted to a Transmitter Unit the LonWorks communications board provides an interface between the unit and an open LON standard network.

The board consists of a Neuron micro-processor and associated memory and logic interface components. Isolation to the network and correct signal levels are provided by an FTT-10A transceiver device.

A.4.1 LonWorks Network Variables

The LIFELINE II gas detector has fourteen Network variable outputs, two network variable inputs and four network configuration inputs as shown in the following LonMark Object Diagram.

Some or all of these may be bound to a LonWorks network. Descriptions of each variable are given in the subsequent sub-sections. For more information consult Honeywell Analytics.
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

A.4.2 Node Object

The Node object has one network variable input and three network variable outputs.

**nviRequest input and nvoStatus output**

The Node object implements SNVTs for object request and status. These complex variables are required for LonMark compatibility and are capable of conveying a great deal of information between the instrument and a Graphical user Interface (GUI) computer or a network management tool but are less appropriate for peer-to-peer communications.

It is possible to disable the sensor, reset alarms and perform other functions using nviRequest. The complete list of commands is in the subsequent table.

Furthermore, nvoStatus reports information about the sensor in a compact format such as when an alarm or fault is present. The complete usage of nvoStatus is listed in the table at the end of this section.

**nvoFaultD output**

This simple variable of type SNVT_lev_disc can be bound to common LonWorks relays to activate lights or perform shutdown. This normally has the value ST_OFF. If maintenance is needed soon (for example because the cartridge is near the end of its life) then this variable will have the value ST_LOW.

If a serious fault exists that compromises the ability to detect gas then this variable will have the value ST_MED.

**nvoFaultS output**

This variable containing two one-byte fields is more complex than nvoFaultD. nvoFaultS.state normally is 0 but will have the value 1 if the sensor has any fault or warning.

If nvoFaultS.state is true then nvoFaultS.value will have an error number to facilitate preliminary diagnosis over the network. Note that Echelon’s LNS applications display the .value field divided by two.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>nvoFaultS .value</th>
<th>Transmitter Code</th>
<th>Cause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Watchdog Restart Occurred</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Momentary Cartridge Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Temperature Warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Approaching End of Cell Life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Calibration Needed Soon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>Sensor Failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>No Cartridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>Wrong Cartridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Cartridge Failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Temperature Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>End of Cell Life</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>Calibration Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>Transmitter Alarm Setting Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Sensor Comms Failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>Fatal Fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>202</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>Transmitter Failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>204</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>Transmitter Failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>226</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>Transmitter Failed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A.4.3 Sensor Object

The sensor object has one network variable input and eleven network variable outputs.

nviResetAlm input

This network variable causes latching alarms and faults to be reset. The reset will only take place if the cause of the fault or alarm no longer exists. Additionally, the reset only occurs when a non-zero update is sent to this input.

This means that sending an ST_LOW to this input once will not have any effect on alarms or faults that occur later. This input resets both the local relays and LonWorks network variables.

nvoAlmL output

This network variable normally has the value ST_OFF. When a level 1 alarm exists the alarm1 relay will be activated and this output will have the value ST_LOW.

When a level 2 alarm exists the alarm2 relay will be activated and this will produce ST_MED.

nvoAlm2 output

This variable normally has the value ST_OFF. When a level 2 alarm exists this will have the value ST_MED.

This network variable is provide for use with common shutdown relays that are not capable of discriminating between ST_LOW and ST_MED in installations where discrimination between alarm1 and alarm2 is desired.

nvoAlarmThresh1 and nvoAlarmThresh2 outputs

These network variables indicate the current alarm thresholds of this instrument. Gas concentrations greater than the amount reported in these variables will cause the alarms to activate. See the related subsequent discussion of nviHighLim1 and nviHighLim2.

The units are the same as the front panel display and will be indicated by nvoConcType, below. The units will be ppm, %LEL and %V/V respectively when gas sensor cartridges for toxic, explosive and oxygen gasses are installed.

For example if an H₂ cartridge is installed and nvoAlarmThresh1 is 50.00, this means that alarm1 will activate when the H₂ concentrations exceeds 20,000 ppm since LEL for H₂ is 40,000 ppm.
APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

nvoCellLife output
This variable reports the total cell life remaining. This is cell type specific, but is typically set for new cartridges at 2 years of service. It is reported in hours of life.

NvoNextCal output
This variable reports when the next calibration is required. The default is 6 months of service between calibrations. It is reported in hours (interval starts at 4320hrs and counts to zero).

nvoLastCal output
This variable indicates the time since last calibration, counting back from current time.

nvoCellType output
This string contains the name of the gas that the installed cartridge is capable of detecting. It is the same string that appears on the front panel of the transmitter. For example CO or HF. This has a 5 character maximum.

nvoConc output
This is the gas concentration as a floating point number. The units are the same as nvoAlarmThresh1, see above.

nvoConcFS output
This floating point number reports the maximum concentration that the installed sensor is capable of measuring. The units are the same as nvoAlarmThresh1, see above.

nvoConcType output
This string contains the measurement units for the installed cartridge. Possible values include ppm, %V/V and %LEL.

A.4.4 Virtual Function Block
The four network configuration inputs appear in a virtual functional block in Echelon LonMaker3.

nciMaxSendT input
This controls the time period between updates of bound but unchanging network variable outputs. The default is 20 seconds but this can be changed from 1 to 59 seconds depending on installation-specific needs.

nciAlarmSetT input
Reporting of alarm events over LonWorks may be delayed by up to 59 seconds by setting this parameter to a non-zero value. However this has no effect on alarm reporting over the analog current loop or the local relays.

This is included to suppress ephemeral alarm events which may be caused by fluctuations in temperature, pressure, or humidity or by strong radio-frequency interference. The default value of zero is recommended for most applications.
nciHighLim1 and nciHighLim2 inputs
These network configuration inputs (NCIs) set the alarm thresholds for the sensor. LonMaker automatically loads these from a configuration parameter database when a replace or resynchronise operation is performed.

However, updates to these NCIs will have no effect if they contain an illegal value. Additionally, the actual alarm thresholds (which are indicated by nvoAlmThresh1 and nvoAlmThresh2) may differ if changed using the front-panel user interface.

So setting the sensor alarm thresholds is intuitive using either these two NCIs or the front panel. But mixing the two strategies can be cumbersome. The units are the same as nvoAlarmThresh1, see above.

A.4.5 Implementation of nviRequest
The object request variable can convey a variety of commands to LonWorks nodes. Not all of these messages are applicable to the LIFELINE II.

The following table lists which of these requests are implemented. Blank entries correspond to unimplemented requests.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Request</th>
<th>Node Implementation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 RQ_NORMAL</td>
<td>Enable concentration and alarm reporting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 RQ_DISABLED</td>
<td>Disable concentration and alarm reporting via LonWorks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 RQ_UPDATE_STATUS</td>
<td>Re-propagate nvoConc and alarms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 RQ_SELF_TEST</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 RQ_UPDATE_ALARM</td>
<td>Update alarm status, over-rides AlarmSetTime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 RQ_REPORT_MASK</td>
<td>Notify of request mask implementation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 RQ_OVERRIDE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 RQ_ENABLE</td>
<td>Concentration and alarm reporting enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 RQ_RMV_OVERRIDE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 RQ_CLEAR_STATUS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 RQ_CLEAR_ALARM</td>
<td>Reset latched alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 RQ_ALARM_NOTIFY_ENABLE</td>
<td>Enable Alarm reporting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 RQ_ALARM_NOTIFYDISABLE</td>
<td>Disable Alarm reporting via LonWorks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 RQ_MANUAL_CTRL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 RQ_REMOTE_CTRL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 RQ_PROGRAM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## APPENDIX A - SPECIFICATIONS

### A.4.6 Interpretation of nvoStatus

The *object status* contains a great deal of information about the status of a node. Several bits have meaning assigned which is specific to Honeywell Analytics.

For example *fault_alert* (Honeywell nomenclature) has been mapped to *mechanical_fault* (LonMark nomenclature).

The following table lists all of these assignments. Blank entries correspond to unimplemented status bits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status Field</th>
<th>Node 0 interpretation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>object_id (16 bits)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>invalid_id</td>
<td>object_id&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>invalid_request</td>
<td>Unimplemented request made</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>Network reporting inhibited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>out_of_limits</td>
<td>Warning alert active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>open_curcuit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>out_of_service</td>
<td>Not in normal mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mechanical_fault</td>
<td>Fault alert active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>feedback_failure</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>over_range</td>
<td>Concentration &gt; full scale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>under_range</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>electrical_fault</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>unable_to_measure</td>
<td>Sensor is not connected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>comm_failure</td>
<td>Error inside <em>LIFELINE II</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fail_self_test</td>
<td>Error inside <em>LIFELINE II</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>self_test_in_progress</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>locked_out</td>
<td>Remote access unavailable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>manual_control</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in_alarm</td>
<td>Alarm level 1 is active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>in_override</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>report_mask</td>
<td>nvoStatus mask report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>programming_mode</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>programming_fail</td>
<td>Request made could not be implemented</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarm_notify_disable</td>
<td>Alarm reporting over network is disabled.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX B - CERTIFICATION

This appendix defines the certifications for the Apex gas sensing system components. It includes the CSA and UL Control Drawings, see B.4.

B.1 TRANSMITTER UNIT

The Transmitter Unit is designed and approved for use in hazardous areas.

There are three certified versions of the Transmitter Unit:

- ATEX  Part No: 2110B2200
- UL  Part No: 2110B2203
- CSA  Part No: 2110B2204

A certification label is located on top of the APEX Transmitter Unit. The label contains all the relevant information regarding the product’s identification and certification state.

**ATEX**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identification number of ATEX notified body</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATEX Hazardous Area Approval Certificate No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATEX Measuring Function Approval Certificate No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificate Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serial Number/Year of Manufacture</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**UL**

CLASS I, DIV 1, GROUPS B, C, D

OP. TEMP CODE  
T4 (Tamb. -40 to +80°C)  
T5 (Tamb. -40 to +55°C)

**CSA**

CLASS I, DIV 1, GROUPS B, C, D

OP. TEMP CODE  
T4 (Tamb. -40 to +75°C)  
T5 (Tamb. -40 to +55°C)

*Note: Transmitter Unit certified to CSA 22.2 No. 152 only when certified sensor is fitted with specific cartridges. See B.5 Control Drawings, CSA (page 126)*
APPENDIX B - CERTIFICATION

B.2 CERTIFIED SENSOR

The Certified Sensor is designed and approved for use in hazardous areas.

There are six certified sensor types:

Sensor - ECC/Catalytic

- ATEX Part No: 2110B2000 or 2110B2070
- UL Part No: 2110B2003 or 2110B2073
- CSA Part No: 2110B2004 or 2110B2074

Sensor - Thick Film

- ATEX Part No: 2110B2010 or 2110B2010
- UL Part No: 2110B2013 or 2110B2013
- CSA Part No: 2110B2014 or 2110B2014

The UL/CSA Certified Sensor is suitable for connection to an Apex Transmitter Unit or an Apex/ Matrix Junction Box.

Caution: Only cartridges with the following part numbers can be fitted to the Certified Sensor:

- 2110B30x0, 31x0, 32x0, 33x0, 34x0, 35x0 series
- 2110B3700 - 2110B3999 range

Certified Sensor approved to CSA 22.2 No. 152 only when fitted with specific cartridges. See B.5 Control Drawings, CSA (page 126)

A certification label is located on the body of the Certified Sensor. The label contains all the relevant information regarding the product's identification and certification state.

Special conditions for safe use - ATEX

1. The integral leads shall be protected from impact and suitably terminated.
2. Equipotential bonding is to be provided by the mounting arrangement.
3. The sensor is not to be used in atmospheres containing more than 21% oxygen.
APPENDIX B - CERTIFICATION

ATEX

Identification number of ATEX notified body

Test House Trademark

Certificate Code

Explosion Protection Mark and Equipment Group and Category

Certified Ambient Temperature Range

Issue Status

Serial Number/Year of Manufacture

UL

APEX/MATRIX SENSOR:

CLASS I, DIV 1, GROUPS B, C, D

OP. TEMP CODE

T4 (Tamb. -40 to +80°C)

T5 (Tamb. -40 to +55°C)
APPENDIX B - CERTIFICATION

CSA

APEX/MATRIX SENSOR:

CLASS I, DIV 1, GROUPS B, C, D

OP. TEMP CODE

T4 (Tamb. -40 to +75°C)

T5 (Tamb. -40 to +55°C)

Certified Sensor approved to CSA 22.2 No. 152 only when fitted with specific cartridges. See B.5 Control Drawings, CSA (page 126)

B.3 CERTIFIED JUNCTION BOX

The Certified Junction Box is designed and approved for use in hazardous areas.

There are two types of Certified Junction Box:

- ATEX Ex d Part No: 2110B2100
- UL/CSA Explosion Proof Part No: 2110B2103

A certification label is located on top of the Certified Junction Box. The label contains all the relevant information regarding the product’s identification and certification state.

![Label Diagram]
APPENDIX B - CERTIFICATION

ATEX

UL

APEX/MATRIX JUNCTION BOX:
CLASS I, DIV 1, GROUPS B, C, D
OP. TEMP CODE          T4 (Tamb. -40 to +80°C)
                        T5 (Tamb. -40 to +55°C)

CSA

CLASS I, DIV 1, GROUPS B, C, D
OP. TEMP CODE          T4 (Tamb. -40 to +75°C)
                        T5 (Tamb. -40 to +55°C)

B.4 ACCESSORIES

The following accessories conform to CSA C22.2 No. 152 when fitted to the Certified Sensor with cartridge Part No: 2110B3754 installed:

- Collecting Cone           Part No: 2110B2151
- Flow Housing              Part No: 2110B2140
- Weather Housing           Part No: 2110B2150
- Sunshade                  Part No: 2110B2152
B.5 CONTROL DRAWINGS

APPENDIX B - CERTIFICATION

NOTES:

1. APPARATUS WHICH IS UNSPECIFIED EXCEPT THAT IT MUST NOT BE SUPPLIED FROM, NOR CONTAIN IN NORMAL OR ABNORMAL CONDIIONS A SOURCE OF POTENTIAL WITH REGARD TO EARTH IN EXCESS OF 50V RMS OR 250V ac.

2. SENSOR (TYPE): APEX/MATRIX SENSOR CAN BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO THE TRANSMITTER UNIT(TYPE: APEX) WITHOUT THE INTERPOSITION OF THE APEX/MATRIX JUNCTION BOX.

3. FOR INSTALLATION NOT REQUIRING AN APEX TRANSMITTER, THE APEX/MATRIX SENSOR AND JUNCTION BOX MAY BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO THE CONTROL EQUIPMENT IN THE NON-HAZARDOUS AREA.

4. SENSOR CARTRIDGES ARE SUPPLIED FROM INTRINSICALLY SAFE CIRCUITS WITHIN THE SENSOR BODIES, CARTRIDGES MAY THEREFORE BE REPLACED IN THE HAZARDOUS LOCATION, WITHOUT NECESSITY OF POWERING DOWN THE APEX SYSTEM. FIT ONLY CARTRIDGES SPECIFIED IN MANUAL.

CERTIFIED PRODUCT. NO MODIFICATION PERMITTED WITHOUT REFERENCE TO CERTIFYING AUTHORITY.
APPENDIX B - CERTIFICATION

HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFIED) LOCATION
CLASS I, DIV. 1 GROUPS B, C, D
C22.2 No. 152

SWITCHED OUTPUTS ENTRY STOPPING PLUG FACTORY FITTED. ONLY REMOVE IF RELAY CONNECTIONS REQUIRED.
(CSA LISTED CONDUIT SEAL REQUIRED WITHIN 18")
VMAX 28V dc IMAX 1A RESISTIVE LOAD ONLY

NON-HAZARDOUS

SENSOR ENTRY (CSA LISTED CONDUIT SEAL REQUIRED WITHIN 18")

JUNCTION BOX ENTRY (CSA LISTED CONDUIT SEAL REQUIRED WITHIN 18")

SUPPLY ENTRY (CSA LISTED CONDUIT SEAL REQUIRED WITHIN 18")

ALTERNATIVE ROUTING SEE NOTE 3

NOTES:

1. APPARATUS WHICH IS UNSPECIFIED EXCEPT THAT IT MUST NOT BE SUPPLIED FROM, NOR CONTAIN IN NORMAL OR ABNORMAL CONDITIONS A SOURCE OF POTENTIAL WITH RESPECT TO EARTH IN EXCESS OF 250v rms OR 250V d.c.

2. SENSOR (TYPE: APEX/MATRIX SENSOR) CAN BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO THE TRANSMITTER UNIT (TYPE: APEX)

3. FOR INSTALLATION NOT REQUIRING AN APEX TRANSMITTER, THE APEX/MATRIX SENSOR AND JUNCTION BOX MAY BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO THE CONTROL EQUIPMENT IN THE NON-HAZARDOUS AREA.

4. SENSOR CARTRIDGES ARE SUPPLIED FROM INTRINSICALLY SAFE CIRCUITS WITHIN THE SENSOR BODY. CARTRIDGES MAY THEREFORE BE REPLACED IN THE HAZARDOUS LOCATION, WITHOUT NECESSITY OF POWERING DOWN THE APEX SYSTEM. FIT ONLY CARTRIDGES PART Nos. 2110B3XXX - SEE MANUAL.

5. TRANSMITTER PROVIDES I.S. CIRCUITS FOR DISPLAY/KEYPAD.

| COMBUSTIBLE CARTRIDGES COMPLIANT WITH C22.2 No. 152 |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Gas             | Range           | Part No.        |
| Butane          | 100% LEL        | 2110B3752       |
| Ethylene        | 100% LEL        | 2110B3758       |
| Hydrogen        | 100% LEL        | 2110B3757       |
| Methane         | 100% LEL        | 2110B3754       |
| Propane         | 100% LEL        | 2110B3751       |

TRANSMITTER UNIT TYPE: APEX

DISPLAY/KEYPAD SEE NOTE 5

SENSOR ENTRY NOTE 2

SENSOR TYPE: APEX/MATRIX SENSOR SEE NOTE 4

SENSOR CARTRIDGE

JUNCTION BOX TYPE: APEX/MATRIX OR ANY SUITABLY APPROVED CSA JUNCTION BOX

SUPPLY ENTRY (CSA LISTED CONDUIT SEAL REQUIRED WITHIN 18")

OR ANY SUITABLY APPROVED CSA JUNCTION BOX

CONTROL EQUIPMENT NOTE 1

DISPLAY/KEYPAD SEE NOTE 5

NOTE 1

1. APPARATUS WHICH IS UNSPECIFIED EXCEPT THAT IT MUST NOT BE SUPPLIED FROM, NOR CONTAIN IN NORMAL OR ABNORMAL CONDITIONS A SOURCE OF POTENTIAL WITH RESPECT TO EARTH IN EXCESS OF 250v rms OR 250V d.c.

NOTE 2

SENSOR (TYPE: APEX/MATRIX SENSOR) CAN BE DIRECTLY CONNECTED TO THE TRANSMITTER UNIT (TYPE: APEX)

NOTE 3

TRANSMITTER PROVIDES I.S. CIRCUITS FOR DISPLAY/KEYPAD

NOTE 4

SENSOR CARTRIDGES ARE SUPPLIED FROM INTRINSICALLY SAFE CIRCUITS WITHIN THE SENSOR BODY. CARTRIDGES MAY THEREFORE BE REPLACED IN THE HAZARDOUS LOCATION, WITHOUT NECESSITY OF POWERING DOWN THE APEX SYSTEM. FIT ONLY CARTRIDGES PART Nos. 2110B3XXX - SEE MANUAL.

NOTE 5

TRANSMITTER PROVIDES I.S. CIRCUITS FOR DISPLAY/KEYPAD.
APPENDIX C - ACCESSORIES & SPARE PARTS

This appendix lists the accessories and spare parts available for the Apex system.

C.1 ACCESSORIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Certified Junction Box for remote Certified Sensor mounting:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATEX Ex d</td>
<td>2110B2100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UL/CSA</td>
<td>2110B2103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collecting Cone</td>
<td>2110B2151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow Housing</td>
<td>2110B2140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunshade</td>
<td>2110B2152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weather Protection</td>
<td>2110B2150</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C.2 DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS BOARD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LonWorks digital communications board</td>
<td>2110B2600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C.3 SPARES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon filter</td>
<td>2110B2172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrophobic filter</td>
<td>2110B2171</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mesh filter</td>
<td>2110B2170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor cap</td>
<td>2110B2800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmitter Unit Front Panel Assembly</td>
<td>2110B2820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSA Transmitter Unit Front Panel Assembly</td>
<td>2110B2825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmitter Unit Screw and Gasket Set</td>
<td>2110B2829</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The filter and sensor cap spares include the required rubber seal.
APPENDIX D - GLOSSARY

Cartridge
A replaceable assembly containing a gas transducer and associated calibration information.

Catalytic Bead
Used for the detection of combustible gases. These are made of an electrically heated platinum wire coil, covered first with a ceramic base and then with a final outer coating of catalyst.

CE mark
Indicates compliance to all relevant European directives.

Electrochemical Sensor
A gas sensitive electrode, formed by a permeable membrane and special electrolyte.

Gas Transducer
An element that translates gas concentration into an electrically measurable quantity, such as electrochemical cells, catalytic beads and thick film devices.

LCD
Liquid Crystal Display.

LEL
Lower Explosive Limit is the lowest concentration of fuel in air which will burn and for most flammable gases and vapours it is less than 5% by volume.

Note: for some gases (e.g. methane) the LEL level has different values in the European and North American standards.

LEL%
Percentage of the Lower Explosive Limit (for example, 10% LEL of methane is approximately 0.5% by volume).

LON
Local Operating Network.

PCB
Printed circuit board.

Peak
Maximum, or minimum, measurement since switch on.

PPB
Parts per billion concentrations in the atmosphere.

PPM
Parts per million concentrations in the atmosphere.

rh
Relative humidity.
Sensor
A gas transducer within a protective enclosure: sensors may be safe or hazardous area mounted, and may also include some driving, interfacing, biasing or signal conditioning circuitry.

Transmitter
A field device that is locally connected to a gas sensing transducer that translates the raw sensor output into a user useful form, e.g. a display, 4-20mA or digital output.

UEL
Upper Explosive Limit.

%VOL
Concentration of explosive gas, measured in percentage by volume.

%V/V
Another way of representing %VOL
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